FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Port Almanac—May 13.

Sun Rises	4.58 A M
Sun Sets	6.56 P M
Day's Length	14 h 00 m
High Water at Southport	7.53 P M
High Water at Wilmington	9 06 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 13.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 75°; 8 p. m., 81°; maximum, 96°; minimum, 70°; mean, 88°.

Rainfall for the day, —; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.97.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Clear weather prevailed Monday throughout the cotton belt, with the exception of light showers in the Galveston and Memphis districts. The temperature ruled high. The maximum in this district was 90° at Greensboro, 92 at Florence, 95 at Charlotte, Wilmington and Newbern; 98 at Goldsboro and Weldon.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy weather; probably local showers; easterly to southerly winds; slightly cooler in western portion.

The barometer has fallen slowly in the Southern States and central Mississippi valley and north of Minnesota and the Dakotas. It has risen slowly in New England and the eastern portion of the lake region.

Local showers followed by clearing weather is indicated for the northern portions of the South Atlantic and southern portion of the Middle Atlantic States.

OUTLINES

After a long debate the Southern Baptist Convention passed a resolution advising the churches to expel all members engaged in the liquor business; the Convention adjourned to meet in Wilmington, N. C., next year. —— Instructions have been sent to collectors of customs along the Atlantic coast to look out for the steamer Laurada, supposed to be engaged in a filibustering expedition to Cuba. —— Gen. Weyler denies the statement that he or any of his Generals have threatened to resign. —— At Columbus, Ga., Walter Dwight, 21 years of age, shot and killed Dr. J. T. Blackwell for an insult offered his sister. —— Savannah is thronged with visitors to witness the military festivities. —— Russia has taken possession of territory in China claimed by Great Britain. —— Ex-Premier Sagasta, in an address a Madrid, denied the right of the United States Government to recognize the belligerent rights of the Cuban insurgents. —— Extra precautions have been taken at Barcelona to prevent an attack upon the United States consulate. —— The street railway strikers in Milwaukee are using the boycot to bring the railway company to terms; the company is running nearly its full quota of cars, but they run almost empty. —— Charlottesville, Va., was visited by a terrific wind, rain, hail and thunder storm, houses were unroofed and trees blown down; great damage was done to fruit trees in the Manassas section. —— Four white men were wounded in a fight with negroes in Manteo county, Fla. —— The dead body of a three-year-old child was found in the railroad wreck near Savannah, Ga. —— Missouri Republicans declare for the gold standard and McKinley. —— Thos. Settle has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Fifth (N. C.) District. —— The Supreme Council of the A. P. A. is in session in Washington City. —— The House Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce has ordered a favorable report on the Nicaragua Canal bill. —— Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was quoted at 2½@3 per cent.; last loan at 2½ and closing offered at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 9-16c; middling uplands 8 5-16c; Southern flour dull and easy; common to extra fair $3.40@3.00; good to choice $3.00@3.80; wheat—spot dull and firm; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 35⅝c; afloat 36⅝c; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 27@27½c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.85@1.90.

The church property in this country is estimated by some versed in such matters to be worth $800,000,000.

Dr. Guinard, of Paris, says cancer can be relieved and probably cured by local applications of calcium carbide.

The New York *World* is showing how deep-rooted its spite against Cleveland is by boosting him for a third term.

The new woman has put in an appearance in Louisville, Ky. She is colored, and comes to the front as a bricklayer and stone mason.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 44. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,879

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Three of the four boys tried in Rome, N. Y., for attempting to wreck a train on the Erie road, were sentenced to the penitentiary, one for life the other two for 40 years. There were four of them but the other died since his arrest. All but one were boys of good families, in comfortable circumstances. Dime novels ruined them.

If the population of France increased in proportion to the increase of office holders, she would be a great country some of these days. The population is about at a standstill, while the office holders have increased from 200,000 in 1853, to 529,000, although the population has increased only from 36,000,000 to 38,000,000 since 1853.

It is said that the electric railways in this country have displaced 275,000 horses, which means a reduction in the consumption of grain amounting to 135,000 bushels a day or 45,000,000 bushels a year. This hurts the grain raiser and it hurts the railroads, too, which hauled the grain to market.

A French court has decided that when an unmarried woman reaches 30 years of age she may be considered an old maid. But how are they going to tell when an unmarried woman reaches the age of 30 years? In this country they hardly ever pass 25.

Hon. J. J. Ingalls expects to bounce Senator Peffer and get back his old seat in the Senate. Ingalls and Peffer are a pair of picturesque personages. As a performer Ingalls is always interesting because always unique. He also has a very high admiration for Mr. Ingalls.

Deal's Island, Md., has a boy coming on who promises to be a bigger man than Senator Gorman, who until recently has been carrying that State around in his pocket. This boy, who is only five years old, measures four feet in height and weighs 131 pounds.

Extensive beds of anthracite coal are said to have been discovered in Northern Minnesota. If true, this is an important discovery, in view of the fact that the coal fields of Pennsylvania are becoming exhausted, the estimate being that they will be entirely so within a half century.

THE STAR acknowledges its obligations to the Elizabeth City *Economist* for complimentary notice of our currency articles, which is all the more appreciated as coming from the Nestor of North Carolina journalism.

A Washington correspondent informs the New York *Times* that "silver is losing ground." This correspondent probably concludes that when it was being killed and "buried" sometime ago it was gaining ground.

Senator Sherman says "deficiency of revenue is the cause of our financial troubles." We thought it was something like that. This would diagnose the trouble with a good many individuals, too.

It is again reported that after the St. Louis Convention Mr. Reed will quit being a statesman and go to practicing law in New York. A good many dead statesmen have found a sepulchre in New York.

Although $8,000,000 have been invested in the Tennessee oil fields they are not quite sure down there whether in lifting oil they are raising a mineral or cultivating a vegetable.

The late Col. Cockerell, the well known editor, left an estate worth only $12,000. But then it must be remembered that most newspaper men work for health and recreation.

Mrs. Bowen, who was born in Ireland in 1775 and came to this country in 1865, is quite ill at her residence near Chicopee Falls, Mass. Her husband, who is living, is 76.

The Minnesota farmers have discovered fifty different ways of spelling "chinch bug," but they haven't yet discovered the way to get away with the aforesaid chinch.

The large number of American-made bicycles shipped to Germany shows that the German is tumbling to as well as tumbling from the American bicycle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
SHOW—Blue Mountan Joe.
S W SANDERS—Seaside store.
F. RICHTER—Bartholomay beer.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

CHEAP RENT—Thirteen-room house.
LOST—Iron key.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Potnedly Printed.

— Mr. W. M. Creasy has gone on a trip North.

— Miss Daisy Vick is visiting in Wilson and Selma.

— Mr. Sol. Weill has gone to New York on a business trip.

— Mr. L. H. Gibbs, of Johnsonville, N. Y., is in the city, visiting Mr. E. J. Powers.

— Mr. F. D. Cudlipp, of Richmond, Va., was registered at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. T. L. Hall, of Morehead City, was in the city yesterday, stopping at The Purcell.

— Messrs. R. W. Bidgood, W. E. Kyle, Fayetteville, and J. W. Fry, of Greensboro, were in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. Thos. Bohannan, Carl Grubnan, S. W. Groome, J. E. Challenger, of Philadelphia, were guests at The Purcell yesterday.

— Messrs. T. C. Hall, Morehead City; W. J. Sutton, Elizabeth City; W. H. White, Scotland Neck; J. S. Hartsell, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. H. Butters Hub; J. D. Holmes, Monroe; T. A. Liddell, D. E. Allen, Charlotte; W. H. French, Rocky Point, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Walter P. Peterson has resigned from the A. C. L. Auditing Department, to accept a position in New Britan, Conn., his wife's old home, and they left Saturday night for New Britan.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Monday was 3.5 feet.

— Local forecast for to-day: Increasing cloudiness; cooler; variable winds.

— The remains of Miss Mary Savage MacRae, who died Monday in New York city, will arrive here to-day. The funeral services will be held this afternoon at five o'clock in St. James' church.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co. will sell round trip tickets to Wilmington on account of the annual council of the Episcopal Diocese of Eastern Carolina, May 21st. Tickets on sale May 20th and May 26th. Rate from Fayetteville $4.05; Maxton, $4.25; Sanford, $5.45.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—83 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 184 bbls rosin, 29 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—7 bales cotton, 36 casks spirits turpentine, 181 bbls rosin, 6 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—13 casks spirits turpentine, 54 bbls rosin, 19 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 89 bales; spirits turpentine, 77 casks; rosin, 399 bbls; tar, 96 bbls; crude turpentine, 15 bbls.

Justice Buntina's Court.

Leander Holmes, colored, charged with resisting and assaulting Deputy Sheriff J. P. Flynn while the latter was in the discharge of official duty, was committed to jail in default of bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance at the Criminal Court.

Nan McLean, colored, convicted of disorderly conduct was fined $20 and costs. Failing to pay she was sent to jail.

S. A. L. Circular.

The Seabord Air Line has just issued a neat and attractive circular with a map on it of its entire system and giving the freight schedules from Northern points to all Southern territory reached by it. These schedules will probably be a great convenience to shippers and consignees as they can easily ascertain the exact time at which freight should reach destination from any given point.

Southern Baptist Convention Will Meet in Wilmington Next Year.

Rev. J. W. Kramer, of this city, a delegate to the Southern Baptist Convention in session at Chattanooga, Tenn., telegraphed the STAR yesterday that the convention will meet in Wilmington, N. C., the first Friday following the first Sunday in May. The convention adjourned *sine die* at noon yesterday.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Don't Be Buncoed!!

Why pay 5 cents for a New York newspaper when you can buy the great New York *Daily Journal*, which contains more cable news than the *Herald*, more general news than the *World* and more interesting and special features than both combined, for one cent daily or 11c per week, including Sunday. Order from C. M. Harris, news dealer, Front street. †

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS GATHERING FOR THE STATE CONVENTION.

A Determined Fight by the Russell-Pritchard Faction Against Chairman Holton—Dockery People Claim That the Colonel Will Be Nominated on First Ballot—Only Free Use of Money Can Beat Him—McKinley Badges—Dr. Mott Says a Free Silver Plank Will Be Put in the Platform—Supreme Court Decision—Latta University Burned.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C. May 12.

The prominent arrivals this morning are Col. O. H. Dockery, Dr. J. J. Mott, G. Z. French, W. H. Chadbourn, J. B. Fortune, O. H. Dockery, Jr., F. J. Axley and B. R. Roberts.

No new developments have turned up, though many wires are being set today. The Dockery people announce that the statement that they were trying to defeat Pritchard's re-election by nominating Moody for Governor "is an infamous lie."

A determined fight will be made by the Russell-Pritchard element to depose Chairman Holton from his present position.

Mr. Holton is making an active canvass for the chairmanship and his chances depend more or less upon Col. Dockery's success.

The Dockery people announce that their contestants will not go before the Executive Committee when it assembles to-morrow. They assert that their contesting delegations will only appear before the Committee on Credentials. Claude Dockery tells me that he believes the Executive Committee will refrain from taking the action which it was intended that they should take to effect a temporary organization, upon their arrival here.

The Dockery people make the biggest claims. Claude Dockery, who managed his father's campaign, says he has 117 delegates, not including any of the contestants, and that Col. Dockery will be nominated on the first ballot. Jim Young says neither Russell nor Dockery can be nominated on the first ballot. Boyd is coming here with a strong expectation of being nominated.

One of the Dockery men says that only the free use of money can beat the Colonel.

Gill and Ames, the two Vance county Populists who issued a circular protesting against the action of Senator Butler of the Populist Executive Committee for trying to force the Republican organization into the Populist camp, and who also invited Populists from every county in the State to assemble here tomorrow for the purpose of arranging fusion with the Republicans, independent of the Populist Executive Committee, are due here this afternoon or tomorrow. Messrs. Gill and Ames have received but spare encouragement, for only one county has endorsed their self-assertive circular. It is said that the Populists of Montgomery county endorsed it and will have representation here.

Looking ahead of this writing it would seem that Messrs. Gill and Ames will receive poor encouragement at the hands of the Populists of the State. It is claimed by many Populists that both of the gentlemen are not of the Populist party and are considered good Republicans.

It is said that the Rev. Thos. Babb, he of assistant door-keeping fame, has suddenly repented of his opposition to Senator Butler.

There is some question among the Republicans of this Congressional District as to whether they will endorse a Republican for Congress at the convention to-morrow. A number of Republicans think that they are entitled to the Congressman this year because they yielded to the Populists last time and elected farmer Stroud. The ardent Republican fusionists think that Mr. Stroud by Populist permission should be allowed to serve two terms.

Pat E. Massey, of Johnston, is prominently spoken of for endorsement as the Republican nominee. In any event farmer Stroud will not be endorsed. He sets heavy on the Republicans' stomach. "Patriotism, Protection, Prosperity," are the words which occupy a prominent position on a McKinley badge of red ribbon about six inches in length. A very good likeness of McKinley is attached to the badge. Jim Young has 500 of these which he says will be distributed on the day of the convention. These badges have been used in every State by the McKinley forces on the occasion of the State Convention.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The State Supreme Court hands down opinions to-day as follows: State vs. Gregory, from Duplin, affirmed; Willis vs. Newbern, from Craven, affirmed.

At least one hundred delegates arrived to-day and the great majority of them are colored. The Russell and Boyd delegates are in the majority. The Russell people are wearing a red badge, similar to the McKinley badge. On it is the inscription, "D. L. Russell, the people's choice for Governor." The Dockery badge is blue.

A large number of Judge Russell's friends came up from Wilmington and the East this afternoon. Among the number were D. B. Sutton, John Galloway and A. J. Walker, Bernard Cox of Pitt county, and J. K. Pritchard, a brother to Senator Pritchard.

Jim Boyd is here and claims thirty votes. He disputes Dockery's claim and says he cannot be nominated on first ballot. The Governorship overshadows the other offices and there is little talk heard about them.

Zeb Vance Walser will be the unanimous choice for Attorney General. Spencer Blackburn seems to have no opposition to his candidacy for nomination for Secretary of State.

The Chowan delegation, which has been supposed to be for Dockery, has declared for Russell. A hot fight will be made on the resolutions which Loge Harris will offer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 12.—Dr. Mott, chairman of the Silver party, to which he says the name of "National" party will most probably be given, arrived here today to attend the Republican State Convention, which meets Thursday. He says free silver coinage resolutions will be introduced as a plank in the platform, and that he expects these to be overwhelmingly adopted, as most of the delegates say they are for free silver. Prominent Republicans are arriving. The party State Committee meets to-morrow.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 12.—This morning Latta University, a colored people's institution at Oberlin, a town of colored people near here, was burned. The buildings were of wood and were large. President Latta thinks the fire was incendiary.

FAYETTEVILLE NEWS.

Confederate Memorial Day Observances—Military Parade—Address by Hon. A. D. McGill—The Recent Municipal Election—Col. Jno. A. Pemberton—Mr. A. B. Raiford.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 11th.

Editor Star: As has been the custom for years in this town, the whole city—the merchants and other business men, the military, graded and private schools of the city, the ladies, young and old—formed a procession at 4 o'clock, conducted by the Independent Light Infantry Company and followed next by the cadets of our well-conducted military institute, and to the music of the Fayetteville Cornet band, known as "The Big Six," marched to Cross Creek Cemetery, with a great profusion of choice flowers forming wreaths, crowns and crosses, coats-of-arms, etc., with which to decorate the graves of the large number of the braves of the late war whose battle-scarred bodies lie buried on the banks of the old historic stream of Cross Creek.

A patriotic address was delivered at the F. I. L. I. armory by one of Cumberland county's brave veterans, Hon. A. D. McGill, who was himself one of the first to enter the service of his country's cause and the last to lay down his arms in defeat. The address followed an eloquent, patriotic, pathetic prayer delivered by Rev. Dr. Nash, of Hay Street M. E. church.

At the cemetery the graves of all were beautifully trimmed, and the Confederate monument was wreathed from crown to base with the most lovely flowers and vines that could be gathered from the gardens of this "the garden spot" of the Old North State.

As is their custom, the Independent Company fired salutes over the silent resting places of all their fallen comrades, both those who fell in battle and those who have passed into the realms of the Great Unknown since the last battle was fought.

By the by, Mr. Editor, if you will allow me space here, I would like to apologise to the biggest alderman elected in the recent municipal election for my failure to mention his name in my article referring to the aldermen a few days ago. I have reference to that widely known and exceedingly popular gentleman Col. John A. Pemberton. The statement that your correspondent *overlooked* him would not be believed by the Colonel or any one of your readers who is acquainted with him. We will simply say that we omitted his name for the purpose of giving him a special notice. The Colonel was elected by a large vote and while much scratching was indulged in there was no ticket cast that bore any evidence whatever of any intention on the part of any one to oppose him or substitute any other name for his. The Colonel, we might say, is a representative business man; for while your correspondent was wearing his swaddling clothes the Colonel was conducting a large wholesale and retail dry goods business in this community. Of late years he has been successfully engaged in the fire insurance business, and so high is his rank among insurance men that he is considered the oracle of the fraternity. The Colonel feels great interest in the prosperity of the town and he will be one of the most efficient aldermen that has been chosen to preside over the destinies of this community.

We might say in this article also, that Mr. A. B. Raiford, who was classed as the representative of the Gas and Electric Light Company, is also identified with the liquor dealers' interests in this town, being now in the employ of Mr. W. V. Harden, manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of spirituous and malt liquors. (This is no mistake.)

Yours, truly, H. EVE.

COMMENCEMENT PROGRAMME.

At the State Normal and Industrial School.

On Tuesday morning, May 19th, the sermon will be preached by Rev. E. A. Yates, D. D., of Durham, and a life size oil portrait of Vance will be unveiled with appropriate exercises, the chief feature of which will be an address by Hon. R. H. Battle, of Raleigh, on his personal recollections of Vance as a man and as a friend and promoter of education.

Vance was the first Governor of North Carolina who recommended an appropriation for the special education of teachers and it is peculiarly appropriate that his portrait should be the first to adorn the walls of the State Normal and Industrial School.

The portrait is the work of W. G. Randall, a North Carolina artist, whose remarkable career has been gratifying to the people of the State.

Tuesday night will be given to the Senior Class, and the representatives of the class will read their essays.

On Wednesday, May 20th, an address upon Industrial Education will be delivered by Hon. Charles W. Dabney, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Dabney is well known in North Carolina, having been our State Chemist some fifteen years ago. He was one of the progressive spirits of the State then, and has since achieved distinction as the President of the University of Tennessee.

It is also expected that Hon. J. L. M. Curry will be present and participate in the exercises on Wednesday.

Wednesday night the commencement occasion will close with an entertainment by the two Literary Societies.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

Those needing the Automatic Burglar Proof Window Locks, which are cheap, strong and secure, or the latest "Diamond" Knife and Scissor sharpener, which are the best, will do well to write or call on Mr. J. D. Sidbury, 511 Queen street. A large number has already been sold. †

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral services of Miss MARY SAVAGE MACRAE will be held at St. James' Church this afternoon at five o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

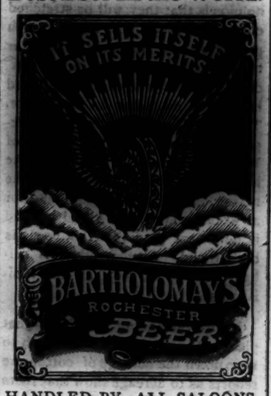
Morality and Refinement
with health and happiness at
DR. BLUE MOUNTAIN JOE'S
Pavilion Palace of Amusement.
FRONT, NEAR CHURCH ST.

Indian Hut Remedies for all ailments. Consultations free. Office open daily from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

The Biggest Free Show on Earth.

Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, admission free; Seats, 10c. Wednesdays and Saturdays, Matinee at 2.30. Admission free, Seats, 10c. Wednesday and Saturday Nights, admission 10c.
ma 12 tf

THE CELEBRATED
Bartholomay Brew. Co.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Best Beer In the World.



HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS.
Outside the city solicited.
F. RICHTER, Agent
For Export and Draught.
my 13 tf

Notice to Merchants
BARGAINS IN
CANDIES.
Special prices for a few days only. Extra quality Mixed Candy, no Gum Drops, in 50 pound Baskets, 5½c.
One lot of new Renny Candies. Regular price 55c box only 35c.
Lemon and Vanilla Extracts—Extra quality, large size, regular price 75c a dozen for 45c a dozen. Smaller sizes at 39c a dozen. We have only a limited quantity. Prices cannot be duplicated. Don't delay, but call at once. Also special prices in other Candies.
CHEWING GUMS,
BASKETS,
BROOMS,
PAPER AND BAGS,
WOODENWARE,
LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,
TINWARE, &c.
Call or send orders to
J. H. REHDER & CO.,
Largest Department Store,
617 & 619 North Fourth St.,
Wilmington, N. C.
'Phone 118. my 80 tf

ARE YOU IN NEED
—OF—
Summer Foot Wear?
If so come and see us, we have them to please you in quality, styles and sizes, at prices as low as the lowest.
ASK TO SEE OUR SPECIALTIES IN
Ladies' and Gents' Bicycle Shoes and Summer Leggings.
They are up to date.
Respectfully,
Mercer & Evans.
H. C. Evan's Old Stand,
my 9 tf 115 Princess street.

The Sampson Democrat,
Published Every Thursday.
L. A. BETHUNE, Editor and Prop'r.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:
One Year $1; Six Months 50c.
It pays business men to advertise in it. Rates and sample copies furnished upon application.
Address
The Sampson Democrat,
feb 16 tf CLINTON, N. C.

SANDERS'
Seaside Store at Stokely's
will open and be ready for business between the 15th and 20th of May. Every attention, the best of goods and the lowest of prices are some of the inducements we hold out for your trade. Will deliver promptly on the Beach and give you city prices.
WANTED,
I want a bargain in a good gentle Horse about 1,000 lbs. weight.
S. W. SANDERS.
my 13 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.
ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, MAY 9th, trains will run the following schedule:
Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. and 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m. 9 p. m.
Freight will be received daily, except Sunday, from 8 a. m. until 2 p. m.
R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.
my 5 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.
FREIGHT WILL BE RECEIVED at Princess Street Station for this road from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m. on and after this date, except Sundays.
ALL FREIGHT MUST BE PREPAID.
May 10th, 1896.
R OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.
ma 10 tf

LOWEST PRICES FOR HIGH GRADE GOODS.
We claim the best assortment suited to the needs of our patrons, the very best quality, the latest style and the Lowest Price, everything considered, to be found anywhere. Our stock and prices at all times will verify this assertion. We now offer a complete line of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, Etc.,
And respectfully invite you to investigate our claims. See for yourself if the quality is right. See if the assortment is right. See if the style is right. See if the price is right. We know it is and the same knowledge will be yours.
Visit us this week and note the reductions we have made in our DRESS GOODS Stock. 20 per cent. discount on all Woollen Dress Goods, (Black excepted).
For Summer Wear we have the most complete stock of Linens, Lawns, Dimities, Ducks, &c., in white and colored figured ever shown in this city.
Visit our Second Floor for Matting, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Mosquito Nets, Trunks, Grips and Ladies' Summer Muslin Underwear.
We are sole Agents for the W. B. Corset and Butterick Patterns.
Samples on application.
C. W. POLVOGT & CO.,
Successors to Katz & Polvogt.
my 10 tf No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

THIS IS EARLY ON A
Bright May Morning.
We will begin by telling our many readers and pleasant customers of our grand success in this beautiful month. This month all living nature is in full bloom, and just so is our live, pushing Dry Goods store. Every shelf, table, and counter likewise is piled up with new and pretty Spring Goods. And twenty-two clerks are busy all the while distributing these pretty, new goods to the stylish and pleasant people of our dear Old North State. Do you need Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, or Underwear and Hats for yourself or family? We have them; we can fill your want, satisfy your taste and please your pocket-book. Try us, and join the happy band that trade at the
One Price, Spot Cash Racket Store.
CLOTHING—We can fit you. Try us. Our stock is large and new. Men's wool in very pretty Suits, just received. $3.85 and 4.50; heavier weight, 5.00. A very pretty Gray Cutaway Coat, all wool, $5.00. A very fine all wool Coat and Vest, black, skeleton lined, $3.50 and 4.50. Odd Vest, a job at 25c each. Black Alapaca Coats from $1.25, 1.50 to 2.00 each. Brilliantine Coats, silk finished, $1.75 each. Light weight Store Coats, 50 and 88c each. Men's and boy's Straw Hats from 10, 25, 40 and 50c up to $1.00. Good Wool Pants, extra quality, for $1.25 and 1.50 a pair. Boy's Clothing all styles and prices. A big lot of new Clothing just received.
OUR MILLINERY Department is surely very popular. We are doing a fine business in this line. The Bell Crown Sailor in all prices, at 50, 75c, $1.00 and 1.50 each. In black, white and blue Trimmed Hats, all styles and prices. New Laces, Veilings and Dress Trimmings.
OUR SHOES have had a splendid run this spring, and our supply is equal to the demand. We have everything in Shoes. Slippers from 30c a pair to $3.50.
Remember our pretty stock of Summer Dress Goods, Percales, Ducks, Piques, Lawns, Linens, Silks Flannels and Serges. Come to us for Dress Goods. Beautiful Lawns, at 5, 6 and 10c a yard. A beautiful line of pretty, light, Figured Piques, at 10c a yard. Challies, at 5c. Ginghams, at 4 and 5c. Brilliantines, at 19, 25, 40 and 50c per yard. Oriental Lace, very pretty patterns, 14 inches wide, worth 40c, a job at 20c per yard. Come and see us, and we promise to save you money in every line of goods you may need. Our business is very good. We are doing twice as much business now as we ever did at this season of the year before. The reason of our immense business is, we sell goods of all classes to suit the masses, and at prices that defy competition.
You will find us at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.
Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.
ma 10 tf WILMINTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

JOHNSON & FORE.
SALE OF SUMMER GOODS.
We are showing an elegant stock of Wash Fabrics, all new of this season's production, and just the thing for the approaching warm weather, such as
Dimities, Organdies, Batiste, Spiral Cloths, Ducks, Ginghams, Plisse and Fancy Swiss Muslins.
Would call special attention to the beautiful selection of
White Goods, Laces and Embroideries
we have on hand, and still we are adding something new every few days. White, Fancy and Black PARASOLS to suit everybody.
Ladies' UMBRELLAS from $1.00 to $6.50.
Mail orders promptly filled.
Johnson & Fore,
my 12 tf No. 111 Market St.

Hardin's Sarsaparilla,
THE GREAT SPRING TONIC.
Seventy five cents per bottle or three for $2.00. Same size as Hood's. For sale at
HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY
126 So. Front St.
Phone 55. ap 26 tf

FREE SILVER BAKING POWDER.
40 Cases 16 to 1 POWDER.
75 Barrels MULLETS.
10 Cases WIDOW'S MITE.
80 Cases MATCHES.
90 Bushels CLAY PEAS.
25 Bushels B. E. PEAS.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water street,
my 10 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Berry Crates and Baskets
Send in and get them.
Orders solicited for
N. C. Bacon, Flour, Molasses &c., &c.
Snuff and Tobaccos
of the leading brands.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
my 2 D&W tf

We Are Still
IN BUSINESS at No. 11 South Front street and would be pleased to have you give us a call when in need of our services. Respectfully,
apr 26 tf H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Barbers and Hair Dressers.

Hamme, The Hatter,
HAS A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF Spring Hats and beautiful line of Straw Goods.
Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.
ap 26 tf 26 North Front Street.

SOUTHPORT AND WILMINGTON.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	Leave Wilmington. A. M.	P. M.	Leave Southport. A. M.	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	.....	6 00	2 30
TUESDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
WEDNESDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
THURSDAY	9 30	.....	.....	2 30
FRIDAY	9 30	.....	5 00	2 30
SATURDAY	.....	.....	8 00	.....

ap 19 tf J. W. HARPER.

Combination Bicycle
FOR SALE.
A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily, except Monday, at $5 00 per year, $2 50 for six months, $1 25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line o first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to its position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1896

WHY ENGLAND PROSPERS.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer for England recently congratulated Parliament and the British people on a full Treasury and the great prosperity the British people were enjoying. While thus congratulating he lost sight of the fact that the great industry of agriculture was not only in a languishing but a desperate condition, so much so that the farmers are crying aloud for protection, to prevent the destructive competition that confronts them from other nations. Commenting upon the statement of the Chancellor the London *Statist* accounts for the prosperity mentioned as follows:

"The producing countries have been plunged into so much distress that they are compelled to sell at whatever price they can get, and our people are so well off that they are able to buy larger and larger quantities every year. The first consequence of this is that the working classes are exceedingly prosperous, and the foundation is being laid in the second place for a great increase in our trade, because merchants are laying in stocks of material at exceedingly low prices.

"The United Kingdom has the labor, the machinery and the capital to supply all the rest of the world with any quantity of goods it may require, but our foreign customers were too poor to buy from us on the usual scale. The exports merely confirm what the imports tell us, that the producing countries are in deep distress, and that we are growing in wealth. Roughly, the decline of prices in the exports is half the decline of prices in the imports, or to put it differently, we gained twice as much by buying our imports cheap as we lost in selling our exports also cheap. But as a matter of fact the loss must have been trifling, if there was any loss. This country manufactures cheap goods for all parts of the world, and cheap, coarse stuffs include in their value not very much labor; the chief item is the raw material. But in buying the raw material we gained immensely, and consequently there was no need for very much reduction in the wages."

The secret of England's prosperity is, according to this journal, a very reliable one, the distress in which the producing nations have been plunged, which has enabled English consumers to purchase what they needed at a very low price, such price as they were willing to pay, for the producing nations being in great distress had to take what they could get for what they had to sell.

This is true, but it is not all the truth, and does not tell the whole story of England's prosperity, while the producing nations are plunged in distress. There is another reason for England's prosperity. She is the creditor nation of the world. Mr. Gladstone, who ought to be very good authority on this subject, says the aggregate of England's credits abroad amounted in 1893 to $10,000,000,000, the interest on which amounted to $500,000,000. Here was $500,000,000 a year coming in to the British money lenders, most of which came from the producing nations which were plunged in distress, not to speak of the profits made on English manufactures, on her trading with other people, on the hiring out of her ships to other nations, (like the United States, for instance,) which have not ships enough of their own to carry their exports and imports. Now it must be remembered that all this income from all these various sources is in gold or its equivalent, and that every nation with which Great Britain deals has to pay her in gold or its equivalent. Of the $500,000,000 which go to England as interest on her credits abroad $200,000,000 go from this country.

Two hundred millions in gold. Where does this gold come from? It is not produced in this country because that is four times as much as our mines produce. We must therefore turn over to Great Britain the $50,000,000 which our mines produce, and $150,000,000 more. This means that our debtors to English money-lenders have to buy $150,000,000 more of gold than is taken out of our mines to pay the interest on their debts. Of course they have to pay a premium on this gold or they could not get it, so that they pay not only the $200,000,000 but more. We are credited with having $600,000,000 worth of gold in this country. We haven't half as much. What has become of all the gold that has been taken out of our mines since the discovery of gold in California? We have had free coinage of gold all the time, and we ought to have as much or more gold than any other nation in the world. But when the Government wants to borrow $50,000,000 or $100,000,000 to keep up that gold reserve it has to get a considerable portion of it from abroad.

With this drain upon our gold resources, is it surprising that gold is scarce with us, that it is not found in circulation and that it has become a coin of speculation and not for ordinary use as a medium of exchange? With the low price of the products of producing countries, is it strange again that English consumers should have reaped so much of the profit of American labor? According to the paper from which we quote, English manufacturers bought their raw material so low that they could afford to make goods and sell them at a low figure and yet make a very handsome profit. With such rich returns annually, of course the English money lenders are going to adhere to the gold standard, because that's the thing that enables them to levy tribute upon mankind and to sit back and draw their interest annually in gold.

Before the adoption of the gold standard in this country they couldn't play that game on us, for we could have paid and did pay our indebtedness abroad in silver or gold whichever we preferred, and we didn't have to buy gold and borrow gold to do it; but the day we demonetized silver all this was changed, for it left us but one coin with which to pay our foreign debts, and forced us to become a nation of borrowers. Whatever of this debt is paid in food stuffs is paid at a sacrifice, because the buyer makes the price and we are compelled to sell at his figures. How long is this stupid, suicidal policy to continue in this country? How long are we as a producing nation to be a mere tribute payer to the money lenders of Great Britain, at whose dictation we struck down one of our honored money metals and our best friend? As long as England can buy from the producing nations, which are plunged in distress, at her own figures, and as long as those nations pay tribute to her in gold, so long will her money lenders prosper, and so long will the nations subjected to this tribute suffer.

MINOR MENTION.

Warner Miller, who enjoys the reputation of being one of the "Big Four" Republican bosses of New York, has been swinging around the circle in the West, and, as reported by a New York press dispatch, forecasts what the St. Louis Convention will do on the money question as follows:

"The St. Louis Convention, in my judgment, will frame a platform on the currency question that will be absolutely satisfactory to the people of the East and to the great majority of all the business people of the entire country. It will declare unconditionally against the free coinage of silver; it will declare in favor of the present standard, and of maintaining all of our currency at a parity with gold.

"I make this statement," continued Mr. Miller, "on my large acquaintance with leading Republicans all over the country. I knw that this statement of mine represents their views. In the last year there has been a turning from free silver, especially among Republicans in the West, to the opposite view."

Mr. Miller said that he did not believe for an instant that the silver Republicans in the St. Louis Convention will bolt, because a sound money plank is to be adopted there. Mr. Miller said that the far Western Republicans were very much more interested in the protection on wool than they were in the silver question, and that if they can be assured that the free wool schedule will be obliterated they will care little or nothing about the silver issue.

Other eminent Republicans agreed with Mr. Miller as to his diagnosis of the action of the silver Republicans at St. Louis.

Mr. Miller talks pretty confidently, and he doubtless correctly represents the sentiment of the leading Western Republicans with whom he talked, for they are unquestionably in favor of the gold standard, and when they talk bimetallism it is simply the old fraud which they are again attempting to play upon the people. But it seems that they are now counting on roping the West in with taxed wool, with which they hope to pull the wool over the eyes of Western silver men and keep them in the party while the gold men proceed to fasten the gold standard on them. We will see how this fake will work. We sincerely trust that Mr. Miller correctly foreshadows the action at St. Louis on the money question, for if that convention come out flat-footed for gold, as he predicts it will, and the Chicago Convention adopt a free silver platform without any *ifs* or *ands*, and nominate a man who is known to be in accord with the platform, we will not only have a fighting chance, but the chances are decidedly in our favor for a sweeping and glorious victory. This will be Democracy's opportunity.

* * *

We congratulate President Cleveland and Secretary Olney on the stand taken in the case of the Americans captured on board the Competitor and condemned to death by Weyler's court-martial. This has caused a stay of proceedings until the home Government examines the cases and it is pretty safe to say that neither of the three Americans will be shot. If they be it will prove about the worst venture that the Spanish Government has made since the racket began in Cuba. If the substance of the treaties on this subject between Spain and this country as quoted be correct, the misfortune of these men was that they were not residents of Cuba; if they had been they would have been entitled to a civil trial, but being residents of the United States and not of Cuba they are not covered by these treaties, and it is claimed by Weyler may, therefore, be tried by military court and be shot like dogs. It isn't then so much being captured "with arms in their hands" as the accident of residence that constitutes the offence that subjects them to this summary proceeding. We do not know whether these are cast iron treaties or not, but our opinion is that they will be stretched enough to give these men as much protection and as much show for their lives as if they had been "residents of Cuba" and captured on land instead of on water as they were. There may be something in the reported tender of the resignation of Weyler, alleging the action of the home Government in this case as the reason. He is probably looking for an excuse to throw up a bad job and is doubtless glad that this one has been found. A recognition of belligerency would stop all this foolishness.

* * *

Nothwithstanding all the urgent pleas to the planters of the South to keep down the acreage of cotton the reports as to acreage show that there is an increase of about 15 per cent. over last year, which may mean, if nothing unfavorable occurs to the crop, an increase of something over a million bales on last year's crop. Every State shows more or less increase. An increase was foreshadowed by the increased purchase of fertilizers, most of which was intended for use in the cotton fields. It isn't easy to account for this increase in view of the experience of past years when excessively large crops were made and especially in view of the substantial gain made by the reduced crop of last year. If this reduced acreage had been maintained, or the acreage had been made smaller, and the plan of raising home supplies had been followed up and become general the planters would soon have the cotton market in their own hands, and be practically masters of the situation. But with an creased crop, especially if they have out of that crop to meet expenses and purchase home supplies, he will be just where he was, the foot ball of the men who combine and speculate upon his labor. But if so he has no one but himself to blame for it.

CURRENT COMMENT.

——It is well enough in estimating the strength of the goldbugs among Democrats to remember that the Eastern States which have declared for gold, are all Republican States, and that the Democratic candidates will not receive a single vote in the electoral college from these States.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Not since the episode harshly styled "the back pay steal" has the House of Representatives been so liberal as in its gift to its members of $100 a month the whole year 'round for clerk hire; and his bounty, which is the more notable as coming from a body that was going to be painfully economical, is apparently based upon the principle that the less a Congress does to earn its pay the more it is entitled to treat itself to spending money.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— War as an agent of civilization is shown in the English advance upon the Soudan. Railroads, telegraphs and other appurtenances of civilization are being introduced to facilitate the advance of the army, and, as the country is morally certain to be subdued and when subdued to be occupied by European settlements, the facilities for civilized intercourse are there to stay. They would be introduced in time, as the country was opened to settlers, but the necessity of having them for military purposes will hasten their introduction by many years.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

TWINKLINGS.

—As a rule woman say almost everything else of a woman who is engaged except that she is too young to marry.—*St. Louis Humorist.*

—Husband—"There are two sides to every question."

Wife—"Where did you get that impression?"—*Puck.*

— "Do you expect to suffer from hay fever this Summer, Mrs. De Long?"

"No. Not unless my husband's business improves."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "Don't you know it is wrong to fish here on private grounds?"

"Well, sir, the line must be drawn somewhere."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

—"Is that poor man on the corner totally blind?"

"Yes; but you ought to see him stare when a bloomer girl goes by on a wheel."—*Chicago Record.*

— Uncertain Effect—Mrs. Flynn—When I doie, Moike, will yez miss me much?

Mr. Flynn—Oi'll tell yez when yez be dead. Phaix. Oi'm not a fortin' teller.—*Truth.*

Happy the Bride

whose Wedding Silver bears the GORHAM imprint. In no other way can friends more highly compliment her own good taste than by gratifying it with gifts whose artistic beauty is thus assured, and whose Sterling quality, by the GORHAM Trade-mark,

The Lion, The Anchor, and The Letter G,

is forever placed beyond reproach.

Too Good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Marion *Messenger*: The furniture factory is now assured. The stock—$7,500—is all taken. The charter has been secured, which authorizes the capital stock to be increased to $25,000, if desired.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: Mr. E. M Reeves, of near Jackson Hill, this county, struck it rich on his place, and is working for the gold himself, getting out of the surface dirt from 30 to 35 dwt. per day. That means from $20 to $30 per day in money.

— Morganton *Herald*: Col. J. F. Boyd, of the Hancock Gold Mining Company, showed us on Tuesday three very fine specimens taken from his mine last week. They weighed, respectively, three, four and five pennyweights.

Rutherford *Democrat*: Mrs. Nancy Hollifield, who lives near Ellenboro, in this county, is the oldest person in the State if not in the world. Her age is 115 years. She is bright, cheerful and talkative. Some two or three years ago she fell and injured her hip and since that time has been confined to her bed. Her health is good and she eats heartily.

— Warrenton *Gazette*: On Sunday last the dead body of a colored man was found in the well of Mr. J. M. Shaw, of Littleton. Dr. Browning was appointed by Judge White special coroner to investigate the facts. Some bruises and contusions were found upon the head, but no one could tell whether the man was murdered and thrown in or accidentally fell in. The dead man was a stranger.

— Charlotte *Observer*: News reached Concord this morning to the effect that a four-pound chunk of gold was unearthed at the Reed gold mine last week, day not given. The report is undoubtedly true, as I was informed by a reliable man from that section of the county who has a record of every piece of gold found in this county for more than fifty years. It has become so common to find such quantities of gold in nuggets that little or no excitement is manifest. Mr. Shakespeare Harris has found a rich vein on his place, and is making extensive preparations to equip the mine with a large outlay of machinery necessary to successfully operate it. He was in town Saturday with another quinine bottle full of small nuggets picked up from the surface and some rare and unusually fine specimens of ore.

DIDN'T GET WHAT SHE WANTED.

Rout of a Young Woman Who Undertook to Squelch a Grocery Clerk.

Two pretty young women entered a large up town grocery one evening last week. From their conversation it was evident that they belonged to some boarding school in the neighborhood and had stolen out for a few moments to buy dainties which they meant to smuggle to their rooms.

"There's one thing I don't like about the clerks in this store," said one of them, while they waited for the salesman, "and that's the way they insist on telling you that you don't want what you do want and that you do want what you don't want. Every time I come in here I have the same experience, and I'm just tired of it. The next time it happens I'm going to tell the clerk just what I think of him."

At that moment a clerk approached and asked the young women what they wanted. The one who had so much to complain about pointed at one of a row of cracker tins and said:

"I want a pound of those."

"Oh, no, you don't," said the clerk suavely; "you want some of these, or these here; they're all very nice."

The young woman threw a glance which said, "What did I tell you?" at her companion, and turning to the clerk said fiercely:

"No, I don't, anything of the kind. I want these and no others."

"I beg your pardon," he began, "I thought"—

"Never mind what you thought," said the young woman. "I guess I know what I want. Now just let me have a pound of those, please." And she turned to her companion with a look of triumph on her face which plainly meant, "Didn't I squelch him?"

"Very well, madam," said the clerk humbly, "but may I ask whether they are for yourself?"

"Well, of all the impertinent questions"— began the young woman, when her companion interrupted, and, turning to the clerk, said:

"Why do you ask?"

"Oh, because they're dog biscuit," replied the clerk indifferently. "Still, of course, if you want them, you can have them."

"Never mind," faltered the young woman who had insisted on having what she wanted. "I guess I don't want anything at all," and she strutted out of the store looking very much ashamed and followed by her companion, who was struggling to hide her laughter.

The clerk didn't say anything, but there was a satisfied smile on his face as he banged the cover down on the can of dog biscuit and walked away to wait on another customer.—New York Sun.

The Actress and Her Train.

The English stage has certain customs which greatly hurt a Frenchman who is not used to them. The last scene of every act is constantly interrupted, and sometimes in the most interesting part, by the tinkling of a little bell, which apprises the music to be ready to play in the interval between the acts. The actresses who perform the principal characters drag long trains after them, which have but four corners, like a carpet, the breadth proportioned to the importance of the character, and they are followed by a little boy in quality of a train bearer, who is as inseparable from them as the shadow from the body. This page, who is sprucely dressed and muffled up in a livery made to suit his stature within two or three inches, keeps his eye constantly fixed upon the train of the princess, sets it to rights when it is ever so little ruffled or disordered and is seen to run after it with all his might when a violent emotion makes the princess hurry from one side of the stage to the other. This he does with all the phlegm and seriousness natural to the English.

In one play in the scene between the king and the queen—"in the moment which is to separate them forever the king flies into the arms of the queen, who embraces her royal consort, and they continue clasping each other in transport, which excites in the whole audience the strongest emotions"—who can be affected to so high a degree as not to take notice of the attention of the little page to repair the disorder which the queen's train constantly receives as she stirs and moves with impassioned attitudes in the arms of the afflicted monarch?—Grasley's "London in 1758."

Pure blood is the safeguard of health Keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would always be well. †

CAUGHT HIS TRAIN ON HORSEBACK.

A Runaway Locomotive Had Many Sleeping Passengers In Tow.

Early one morning the engineer and fireman of the Santa Fe overland train, bound east, when Bear Cajon pass, imagined they saw something on the track right ahead. Thinking the train was about to be wrecked they both jumped. The engineer was rather badly hurt, but when the fireman picked himself up out of the dust he found that the engine had made kindling wood of a wagon to which two horses had been attached. Their driver had seen the headlight of the engine and had jumped in time to save himself, and the animals themselves were cropping the dried grass along the roadside, which showed that they had not been greatly disturbed by the accident.

But the train, with nobody at the engine's throttle, was plunging away through the darkness, the passengers asleep in their berths, utterly unconscious that they were being drawn by a wild locomotive.

The fireman, who had been left behind, thought he would try to overtake the flying train on foot. Then he changed his mind and, jumping astride one of the horses, he set out after the runaway train. He knew it must stop shortly, as it had to climb a very steep grade, and if the fire under the boilers was not kept up the supply of steam would not furnish sufficient pressure to keep the wheels going around. The vagrant train did stop a mile and a half from where the accident occurred. There did not seem to be any reason for an interruption of the journey just at that point, and so the conductor and brakeman hurried ahead with their lanterns to ask the engineer what had given out.

When they found the cab empty, of course the trainhands were very much mystified. They asked each other a good many questions, and were engaged in looking up theories to account for the strange disappearance of the engine crew when the fireman came loping along on the horse he had borrowed. After explanation had been made, he turned his horse toward this city and brought the first tidings the railroad people had of the missing train. A hack was sent out to the scene with another engineer, and as soon as steam was raised the overland went on over the hill through Cajon pass. The same carriage brought the injured engineer to the city.—San Francisco Examiner.

ARTISTS AND TRADESMEN.

In the Early Days the Former Had a Struggle to Live.

Among the artists resident in Glasgow who had acquired before 1840 somewhat of a reputation Graham Gilbert, Horatio Macculloch and Daniel Macnee are those most widely known to general fame. To these men fell the prizes of the profession such as they were at that time. Prices were then on a scale that would not please the popular landscape and portrait painters of today.

The smaller men—not very numerous, it is true, and yet some of them most deserving—had a tolerably hard struggle for existence and had to eke out their income by other work than that of regular picture painting. Macculloch and Macnee themselves made money in their younger days by decorating the lids of snuffboxes. The average painter was frequently pretty much of a bohemian, living from hand to mouth and glad to clear off a tradesman's bill by painting the portraits of the worthy shopkeeper and his wife.

One of our best known artists tells how on occasion in the long years ago when he was engaged at a sitter's house on the portraits of a successful clergyman and his family the dinner hour arrived. He was not considered "genteel" enough to be asked to take a place at the table, but the mistress of the house kindly sent to the parlor, where he was working, a pate of stewed rhubarb to keep him from wearying while the family fed.—Magazine of Art.

Is a Countess and a Brewer.

A unique occupation for a woman is reported from Berlin. The proprietor of a large brewery there received a request from a Russian lady to be shown the interior arrangements of the brewery. After looking at various processes through which the golden beverage has to go the lady inquired for several details of the pneumatic machinery in the malthouse, which proved to the brewer, to his great surprise, that she was perfectly familiar with every detail of the entire complicated machinery. Upon inquiry it was learned that the lady, a Russian countess, had a large acreage of barley growing on her estate, and in order to increase her revenue from this source she had built a brewery, which she managed all alone. She was interested very much in the pneumatic malting apparatus because she could not get skilled labor necessary for the production of malt on her Russian estates. Tasting the product of the Berlin brewery, she stated that her own beer was not much inferior to the German product. When a few days later the brewer received some samples of the lady's Russian beer, he pronounced it excellent and not inferior in any respect to the best Bohemian or German beer. This lady is believed to be the only woman brewer in Europe.—Philadelphia Record.

Cloth Made From Peat.

Peat fiber can be bleached to snowy whiteness and will dye any color. One of the great advantages of cloth made from peat fiber is that it is entirely antiseptic and possesses properties which render it inimical to parasitical organism. In appearance the finer makes are quite equal to the best tweeds and closely resemble the camel's hair cloth.

Withdrew the Charge.

"Sir, did you say that the pug dog evoluted from a monkey?"

"Is this your pug dog, madam?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then I beg the monkey's pardon."—Detroit Free Press.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

Aroma and Bouquet In Wines.

"Aroma and bouquet," said a well known wine expert, "are too often taken to mean the same thing in wine. Flavor pertains especially to the lingering aftertaste of wine when swallowed. Aroma and bouquet appeal only to the smell, and the former exists in the grape itself, while bouquet only manifests itself long after fermentation is completed. Bouquet is never present except in the purest wines. It seems to arise from a union of several agreeable odors, and any mixture would surely destroy it. There are no truly fine wines without a strikingly marked agreeable bouquet, and where all other qualities are of equal perfection the bouquet makes the distinction that gives to the wine possessing it always the preference."—New York Sun.

Knew What He Would Do.

It was a Gardiner youth of very tender age who, when asked recently by his maternal parent the solemn question, "What would you do if mamma were taken away?" quickly blurted out, "I would take my meals at Mrs. Haley's." The lad's worldly response knocked the pathos out of the scene in double quick order.—Bangor News.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		5¼
Standard	7¼@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½@	7¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	6¾@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	5½@	5¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	5¼@	5½
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	43½@	45
Virginia Meal	40 @	42½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
Skim	@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	14 @	18½
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	@	5¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	8 @	9
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 00 @	3 25
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ box	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	@	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 50
Choice	3 25 @	3 50
Straight	4 10 @	4 35
Fine Patent	@	4 10
GLUE—₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	42½@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	49½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	41½
Oats, from store	33½@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	42
Cow Peas	50 @	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 05
Western	@	90
North River	@	95
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	6½@	90
North Carolina	8 @	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER(Rate based ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	13 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	32
" in bbls	@	33
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35 @	2 45
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
Clear Mess	11 50@	11 00
Rump	@	11 00
Prime	@	11 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	12
SALT, ₩ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	85
Lisbon	@	
American	@	35
on 125 ₩ Sacks	40 @	45
Virginia	40 @	42½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	3 00 @	7 00
Common	2 50 @	3 00
Cypress Saps	4 00 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½@	5¾
Standard A	@	5¾
White Ex. C	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4¾
C, Yellow	@	4¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5½@	6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	3 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, in ft. fleet—Shipping	20 @	25 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 00 @	4 50
Country Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	00 @	7 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	6
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	12½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Opened steady and closed dull. Quotations: Country casks 28½ cents per gallon; machine-made 24 cents.

ROSIN.—Market dull at $1 40 per bbl for Strained and $1 45 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market dull at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.80, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25¾c; rosin, strained, $1.15; good strained $1 20; tar $1 20; crude turpentine $1 90, 1 90, 2 25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	77
Rosin	389
Tar	96
Crude Turpentine	15

Receipts same day last year—187 casks spirits turpentine, 898 bbls rosin, 156 bbls tar, 84 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¾	cts ₩ lb	
Good Ordinary	6¾	"	"
Low Middling	7 5-16	"	"
Middling	7¾	"	"
Good Middling	8 1-16	"	"

Same day last year, middling 6¼c.

Receipts—89 bales; same day last year 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8½ to 9½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7½c; Sides, 6½ to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch hearts and saps, $1.50 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Evening—Money on call was quoted at 2½@3 cent., last loan at 2½, and closing offered at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull, easier; actual business in bankers' bills 487¼@488 for sixty days and 488¼@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486¾@487¼. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 109¾; United States twos 94½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 104; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was weak.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 12—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 9-16c; middling uplands 8 5-16c.

Cotton futures—market closed quiet; May 8 10, June 8 09, July 8 10, August 8 13, September 7 51, October 7 33, November 7 19, December 7 18, January 7 21; February 7.24; March 7.38c. Sales 88 800 bales.

Cotton—net 449 bales; gross receipts 5,165 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,461 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 190 bales; forwarded 143 bales; sales 678 sales bales, to spinners 178 bales; stock (actual) 197,283 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 9,333 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,306 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 190 bales; stock 389,357 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receitps 21,175 bales; exports to Great Britain 17,982 bales; to France 200 bales; to the Continent 1,833 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,095,344 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,087,617 bales; exports to France 453,360 bales; exports to the Continent 1,618,708 bales.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Flour was dull, easy and unchanged; Southern flour dull and unchanged, common to extra fair $2 40@3 00; good to choice $3 00@3 30. Wheat—spot dull and firm; options and irregular, closing firm at ¼@1c advance; No. 2 red May 70c; June 70c; July 70¼c; August —c; September 70¼c; October —; December —c. Corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 35½c; afloat 36½c; options were dull and firm at ¼@¾c advance; May 35½c; June —c; July 36½c; August —c; September 37¼c. Oats—spot firm and more active; options dull and firmer; May 24½; June 24½; July 24½c; spot prices—No. 2 24½@25c, No

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D.
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D.,
New York City.

What is Castoria

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Practically A
Perfect S
Preparation T
For O
Children's R
Complaints I
CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S
COMPLEXION POWDER
has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S
is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

LITTLE GIRL (*to village store-keeper*) "Mommer sent me back and says as she wants Pond's Extract, and not this wot you said was jest as good. There ain't any so good as Pond's Extract."

BEST

Condensed News,
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Miscellany,
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The Morning Star.

THE COMING MAN.

He only wants some trousers white,
A silken shirt or two,
A pretty girl, a tennis net,
Green fields and skies of blue.

He only wants an evening suit,
Crush hat, topcoat of gray,
A partner fair, whose dainty feet
Can dance till peep of day.

He only wants a suit of tweed
For mountain or the shore,
A hat of straw, some shoes of tan,
A "stick" like those of yore.

He only wants a "cutaway,"
And trousers smooth and fine,
That he may call on that sweet girl
Before he goes to dine.

Ah, me! He needs a yachting suit,
Cadet or navy blue,
And then a costume for the bath
To cleave the waters through.

All these my blithe young graduate,
With "furnishings" galore,
Can pack into a steamer trunk
When college days are o'er.

Once more, before the lid shuts down
And clasps those locks of steel,
His cycling suit, that he may ride
Upon the scorching wheel.

And thus, you see, the truth is told
In this poor halting song:
"Youth wants but little here below,
Nor wants that little long."
—Annie Hungerford in Chicago Times-Herald.

TRIAL BY WATER.

As Tredennack church clock struck noon Noah Capel and Thomas Bullasy laid down their brushes and their buckets of pitch, and making their way up the narrow path to the Three Pilchards sat there in the sun on the bench at the edge of the cliff garden and ate their pasties and drank from their mugs of beer in wide eyed silence, looking away across the water with brains inactive and mastication slow. And in such manner, indeed, might they have sat until the dinner hour was over had not a movement on the beach below caught Noah Capel's eye and enticed his mind toward mundane matters. This having occurred, he stared for many moments at the cause of his awakening, then he chuckled heavily once or twice, and arranging the corner of his pasty in the side of his cheek made way for speech.

"That's Peter Tod's maid down paddling about them boats," he volunteered in food muffled tones.

"Aw," drawled Thomas Bullasy. "Is 'er 'ome agen?"

"Iss, an a fine handful too. Peter won't get 'er to chapel more'n 'er's a mind to, I'm thinkin."

"There was always a sight of devilment in that there gurl," quoth Thomas Bullasy slowly, "but 'er's got a purty face."

Together the youths looked down upon the girl in question, and truly Ann Tod was good to look upon, either because or in spite of the devilment which lay in her. Her face was short and round; her eyes were golden brown, and but lazily opened; her cheeks were warmed by the sun, and her nose freckled by that same power; her head was a mop of short brown curls, and her blue frock well became her very shapely form.

As she passed slowly inland, under the shadow of the cliff and out of their sight, the youths shifted a trifle on their bench and looked at one another.

"'Tis a brave lookin maid, sure enough," decided Thomas Bullasy again. "I've a mind to do a bit of courtin in that quarter."

"Aw," grinned Noah Capel, "you'm too late, my dear soul. I'm a-goin to do a bit that way myself."

Then Thomas Bullasy opened his big ox eyes in wonderment. "Why, law me, how long's the maid been 'ome?"

"Comed last night."

"You began yer courtin pretty slippy, then."

"Well, I 'aven' begun yet, as you might say, but I'd a-made up my mind."

"Aw, well, then," declared Thomas Bullasy, "I'm so good a chap as you. Let best man win."

But Noah Capel seemed not wholly pleased with the arrangement. "You'd never a-seen her if I 'adn' a-pointed of her out," he grumbled.

It was Thomas Bullasy who chuckled now. "But I've a-seen her, 'aven't I? Eff you con cut me out, do it."

"I don't see no 'cashun to grizzle like a great buffhead, even if you are goint keepin company with a giglet like Ann Tod," declared Noah Capel, with some warmth.

Thomas Bullasy's grin died slowly from the corners of his mouth as he absentmindedly placed his mug bottom side up upon the bench.

"Well," he said at last, "I don't want no ballywragging 'bout the matter. Us'll toss for the maid an settle it fair."

Noah Capel still looked glum, but after some sjow thought he decided that his chance was worth the taking, so he took it, and Thomas Bullasy, drawing a penny from the far corner of his fustian pocket, heaved it in the air.

There were full five minutes spent in a vain seeking for the coin. Then the gamblers slowly rose again, their face toward the sea. Then they sat down suddenly, with fallen jaws, and then they strove to smile. Just below them, on a ledge of the cliff, sat Ann Tod, her elbows on her knees and her chin in her hands, and how long she had been sitting there was a question uncomfortably uncertain in the minds of Noah Capel and Thomas Bullasy.

For moments they sat there staring at the girl and the girl at them. Then she, being more clear of conscience and therefore self possessed, spoke first.

"An which of 'ee won me?" she asked calmly.

There was silence again for a full minute, and then Thomas Bullasy giggled, and then he trusted to the humor of the situation and answered boldly: "Nuther of us. Us'll try agen, though."

"I wouldn't try agen," said Ann Tod soberly. "A penny's a penny, an there's no use wastin money 'bout the matter."

Then she ceased being sober and smiled up at them with allurement in her half closed eyes.

"I'll settle it," she declared. "You come 'long with me." And her smile was indeed so alluring and her mood so convincing that they rose without protest and followed her down the cliff.

When they had reached the water's edge, they began to wonder as to their future, but there was no manner of hesitation about Ann Tod.

"Get in the little boat," she murmured coaxingly, and they did so.

"'Tis nigh 1 o'clock," chuckled Thomas Bullasy aside to Noah Capel. "Not much time to spare."

But Noah Capel was smiling in broad contentment as he watched Ann Tod, and she, smiling also guilelessly, made fast the little boat to the stern of the ferryboat, and, springing into the latter, grasped the oars.

"Now, I tell 'ee," she said as she pulled away from shore with her two swains well in tow, "whichever of 'ee wants me most by the time us gets 'ome agen shall have me. An that's plain enuff, isn't it?"

"Us won't agree 'pon the matter," they protested chivalrously. But Ann Tod laughed softly and shook her curly head.

It was Tredennack dinner hour when they left Tredennack beach; so there were no witnesses of their departure, and they were well ont upon the face of the river before the clock in Tredennack church tower sent its clanging note across the water to tell of 1 o'clock.

A half nervous smile lay on the faces of Noah Capel and Thomas Bullasy as they heard it, and they grew uncomfortable upon their plank.

"That's work time," ventured Noah Capel, with a giggle.

"Law, now, is it?" remarked Ann Tod calmly as she looked away at the tower meditatively.

"Us ought'er be back," ventured Thomas Bullasy.

"This is better'n work, don't 'ee consider?" queried Ann Tod, turning her sleepy, smiling eyes full on him.

"Better'n work," Thomas affirmed, with half dazed appreciation. "But—us—ought'er be back."

They were nearing the other side by this time, and as Ann Tod looked up at the sloping gardens there was more in her eyes than the sleepy smile with which she had looked on Thomas Bullasy. Mayhap it was the devilment he had remembered earlier in the day.

And in these garden sloping to the river, where the water lapped the thick stone walls and left them green and slimy to the measure of the tide, stood matrons with their babies in their arms, old grandfathers smoking after dinner pipes, youths netting, maids coquetting, children playing in the sun. And as the boats came alongside Ann Tod's arms slackened stroke, and jerking her head toward the lovers in her wake she called upward to the groups:

"What do 'ee think of my sweethearts? They'm come for a bit of a boat ride for to see which 'loves me best. There's no time for the considerin of such things on dry land."

And then she threw back her head and showed her broad white teeth and laughed and laughed, a most infectious laugh. Then the idlers in the gardens leaned upon their walls, and gazing upon the boats as they drifted slowly by sent back words of rare appreciation. And Noah Capel and Thomas Bullasy sat and chafed upon the seat, and regretted the inartistic prominence of empty hands and the overbrilliance of blushing cheeks, as they endeavored to swallow back the mortification which rose in their throats, and grinned sheepishly under the blaze of ruthlessly critical eyes.

All along by the houses they drifted with the stream, and when at last the treble voiced children also realized that there was humor in the scene shrill shouts of derision added to their elders' broad guffaws.

All this Noah Capel and Thomas Bullasy bore awhile with feeble smiles about their lips, but the weight of the part they were called upon to play grew irksome to them and they fretted under the burden of the comedy.

"Us'll go back now, eff you please," remarked Noah Capel severely.

But Ann Tod only smiled upon him.

"Eff you'll let me take them oars," suggested Thomas Bullasy, "I'll be gettin back to work."

"Law, now, I wouldn't 'fer worlds," declared Ann Tod. "I do love a good long ride upon the water."

"Then I'm blessed eff I don't cut this 'ere 'tarnal rope!" cried Noah Capel, roused into aggression by the sight of the nearing quay, with its knots of idlers.

"Where'd you be then, my dear?" queried Ann Tod.

And truly Noah could not have answered her with any definiteness, for the ways of the waters are uncertain.

The sulky faces of the lovers, towed all helpless and protesting, their fingers idle and their cheeks aflame, were yet more droll than their sheepish smiles had been, and Ann Tod seemed to find them so, for, as they neared the quay, her whole lunged laugh rang out upon the air, until the idlers ceased their gossip, the chafferers left their bargaining and looked upon the boats as they drifted slowly by.

"We'm out fer a holiday," called Ann Tod. "My sweethearts are decidin which wants to 'ave me most."

"Aw, you little devil," burst forth Thomas Bullasy, "will 'ee let me land, or won't 'ee?"

"Won't 'ee,' " gibed Ann Tod. "'Ee's a bit shy, is that one at the left," she called up again to her audience on the quay. "'Ee don't like bein looked at. Will 'ee be so good as to turn yer 'eads while we'm passin?"

And the audience on the quay opened its mouth without reserve and shouted at the entertainment.

"I'll get 'ome some'ow," declared Thomas Bullasy, goaded to fury by the prominence thus thrust upon him.

"Won't 'ee get out an walk?" suggested Ann Tod sweetly.

"I'd like to have the handlin of yer ears," fumed Noah Capel.

"An to think I put 'ee in another boat!" deplored Ann Tod.

A DOG THAT REASONED.

He Knew When It Was Safe to Sleep on His Master's Bed.

No one that knew Bombshell ever doubted that he reasoned and thought, but occasionally I would find a stranger who was not inclined to believe it, and then I would tell him the following story: My parlor was a front casemate which opened by an arch into my bedroom, a back casemate. A casemate may be described as a room in the wall of a fort, generally intended, in war time, to hold a gun or powder, while in time of peace many of them, like mine, are fitted up for use as quarters for officers and soldiers.

Bombshell had his own bed in the back casement, but he preferred my bed and would use it whenever he could. I had tried to break him of the habit, but had not been successful.

One day he came in wet and muddy, and, as usual, curled up on my white counterpane. The result was awful. As much as I hated to do so, I felt obliged to give him a thrashing.

I never caught him on my bed again. He would still get on it; but, no matter how quietly I came in, I would always find him on the floor, though I could see from the rumpled condition of the bed that he had been on it, and often the spot where he had slept would still be warm.

One evening I went out, leaving Bombshell lying by the parlor stove. Out of curiosity I peeked through the half turned slats of my shutters and watched him. From my position I was able to see the whole of both of my rooms.

For awhile Bombshell did not move; then he raised his head and looked at the door; finally he got up, stretched himself, yawned sleepily, walked to the bed, jumped up, and put his fore paws on it. Standing in this position, a thought struck him, and he said to himself:

"Suppose that my master hasn't gone? He will catch me and then I shall get a licking. I'll go and make certain that he is not coming back."

I know that he said this because he took his paws off the bed, walked cautiously back to the front door, and, with his ear close to the crack, he listened. At last, satisfied that I had really gone, he trotted back to the bed, jumped on it, curled up and went to sleep.

After such a clever act I thought that he had earned his sleep, so I went away and left him.—St. Nicholas.

During the war between the Macedonians and the Romans both parties met peaceably on the island of Delos, the reputed birthplace of Apollo, and offered sacrifices together to the deity of the island.

Thou oughtest to be nice, even to superstition, in keeping thy promises, and therefore equally cautious in making them.—Fuller.

GOTHAM PEDAGOGY.

THE LIFE AND DUTIES OF A NEW YORK SCHOOLTEACHER.

Good Pay, Short Days and Lots of Vacation—Advantages Over Other Occupations—Male Teachers Have Wider Opportunities Than the Women.

Everything taken into consideration, there are few public offices in the city of New York which are more desirable than those within the public school system. From almost every point of view the life of a schoolteacher is a desirable one in this city. The pay is good, the promotion tolerably rapid, the work not onerous, and the hours are better than in almost any other field of labor. About 4,000 teachers are employed in the public school system of New York whose salaries range from $600 to $1,900 a year for women, and from $1,080 to $8,000 for men. But $8,000 is by no means the limit to the financial ambition of a New York schoolteacher. On the part of the men there are several greater prizes within their reach if they have the proper qualifications and can secure the right influence in the board of education. For instance, there is the office of assistant superintendent of public schools, of which there are ten, each drawing a salary of about $4,000 a year. Then there is the superintendent's office itself, with its handsome pay of $7,000, and it has been the goal toward which scores of educators in this and other cities are constantly keeping their eyes. Both the offices of assistant superintendent and superintendent are filled absolutely by the board of education. The assistant superintendent is elected for two years, and, as a matter of practice, has a life position. Then the male teachers can look forward to a promotion to the City college either as an instructor at a salary of $2,500, or a full fledged professor at $4,500.

There are few of the 53 male principals in New York's public schools, however, who do not get more than their salary of $8,000 a year. Almost every one of them gets some little additional pay, as $500 or $800 a year for extra service as an instructor in the evening schools or as clerks of the ward board of school trustees. Some of the principals hold both of these little plums and make a clear $4,000 a year out of the school system. The principals of boys' schools, of course, have their pick in these choice perquisites, but there are so many additional offices to be filled that under male teachers in the public schools come in for a good round share.

The four evening high schools alone give employment to 20 or 30 teachers, each of whom gets anywhere from $3 to $6 a night for the additional work. Then there are some 23 boards of school trustees, each of which has its clerk, who gets pay for the amount of work done, the average mounting up to $400 or $500 a year. Nearly all these clerks are principals of some schools.

In the case of women schoolteachers the chances for earning extras are very limited. The maximum salary she can get is $1,900. She starts into the system with a salary of about $600, which is gradually raised until she becomes the principal of a girl's department of a grammar school.

In order to become a schoolteacher in the public schools of New York it is first necessary to get a recommendation from a member of the board of education. This enables the candidate to try a preliminary examination, which, if he is successful, entitles him to be placed upon the eligible list of teachers. After satisfactory work in this capacity for not more than a year the candidate secures a permanent license as a teacher in New York's public schools, and as such is entitled to teach in any part of the city.

This does not mean necessarily that the teacher will immediately find employment. That depends entirely upon the local board of school trustees. The city is divided into 24 school districts, the schools in each of which are controlled by a school board, who are appointed by the board of education. The boards have the selection of all teachers below the grade of principal, these being appointed by the board of education. As a rule, however, the licensed teacher soon finds an opening and then is in the regular line of promotion.

What has made the school service so attractive to many are the easy hours. Nine-tenths of the salary earners in New York get to work at 8 a. m. and are lucky if they get away by 5 p. m., with half an hour for luncheon. The work of the teacher begins at 9 a. m. and is over, as a rule, by 3 p. m., with an hour for luncheon. Nine-tenths of the salary earners get only 2 weeks out of the 52 in the year for a vacation, and they work 6 days in the week at that. The schoolteachers get a vacation of 18 weeks in 52 and draw full pay during that time. Besides this they work only 5 days in the week and have all holidays. It has been estimated that the schoolteachers of New York work less than 200 of the 365 days in the year.

If a schoolteacher is to rise in the calling, however, the work does not end with school hours. Studies in pedagogy and advanced education must be kept up at home. The work is not so hard, however, or the pay so poor as to induce many to resign. In fact, it has become a saying in the system that "schoolteachers never die and never resign."—New York Tribune.

What a Kurd Is Like.

In color they are usually no darker, and often not nearly so dark, as southern Europeans. The eyebrows and lashes and eyes are generally black, and nose aquiline and fine, and the mouth well formed. The face is long and oval, while in stature a medium height seems to be general. The chin is shaved, the mustache alone being left, and over it no end of trouble is taken with comb and wax. The hair is usually shaved along the top of the crown, but left long on either side, though little or nothing of it is visible, owing to the peculiar and characteristic manner in which the men deck their heads. The Kurd's costume is distinctly his own, and except in the south, where he has come more or less under Persian influence, he never abandons it. A high silk pointed cap crowns the head, round which is woven a number of silk scarfs and handkerchiefs in skillfully arranged disorder.

The favorite colors for these turbans are dark claret and gold, with here and there a narrow stripe of some brilliant hue. The rough fringes are left hanging down, as often as not covering the eyes and ears of the wearer and adding not a little to his fantastic appearance. Over a white linen shirt, with sleeves that end in points more than a yard long, so that they touch the ground, a silk coat is worn, crushed strawberry being the favorite color, though cherry color and white satin are almost equally common. These coats are made collarless and open at the neck and fold across the breast, being held in place by a wide silk sash skillfully folded and intertwined. In this sash the long pipe and curved dagger are thrust.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Secrets Will Out.

"Now, you must not let this go any farther," said Watts to McDavid after retailing a choice bit of scandal.

"Oh, certainly not," said McDavid. "How did you happen to hear it?"

"My wife told me. She is just like any woman—can't keep a secret, of course."—Tit-Bits.

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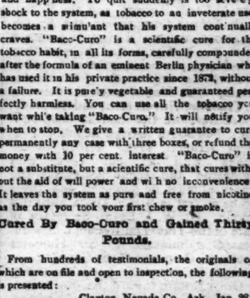

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Pasto. C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

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In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

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NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
	—WILMINGTON—	
P M	Lv.. Mallory street ..Ar	P M
3 30	Lv.. Jacksonville ..Lv	10 40
4 30	Lv.. Mayesville ..Lv	11 09
4 44	Lv.. Policeville ..Lv	9 55
5 2	Ar.. Hamboro ..Lv	9 30
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 P M make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort. Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT April 26, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.35 9.35 A M a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.57 p m, Rocky Mount 1.31 p m, Tarboro 2.25 p m, Weldon 3.30 p m, Petersburg 5.20 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 3.36 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 6.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.40 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 3.56 a m, Washington 4.50 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.06 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 A M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.40 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.55 p m, Rocky Mount 6.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.06 a m, Warsaw 7.37 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.10 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m,, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.30 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 10 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.30 a m and 3.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 5.40 p m, Tarboro 9.45 a m; returning leaves Tarboro 5.30 p m; Parmele 9.0 5 a m and 6.20 p m, arrive Washington 11.55 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7 50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.50 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.35 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 5.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 52 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5.18 p m, arrives Dillon 5.32 p m, Latta 5.47 p m, Pee Dee 6.03 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 5.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 5 50 a m, Cheraw 6.44 a m, Darlington 7.49 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Returning leave Florence 6.45 p m, Darlington 5.17 p m, Cheraw 9 22 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m. Trains leave Gibson, daily except Sunday, 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 8 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8 15 p m, Bennettsville 9 09 p m, arrive Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 8 05 p m, Manning 8.33 p m, arrive Lode's 9 13 p m; leave Lanes 9 24 p m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.50 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.36 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 2 a m, 8 p m, arrive Lanes 5.25 a m, 5.45 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.55 p m. Smithfield 9.08 p m, Dunn 9.39 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 5.30 a m and †3.00 p m, arrive Elliot †8.05 a m and †2.30 p m. Leaves Denmark 4 17 pm, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leave Pregnalls †6 50 a m, arrive Sumter †8 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 30 p m, arrives Darlington †8 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 19, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
1 05 p. m.	Ar.. Wilmington ..Lv	7 35 a.
4 45 "	Lv.. Fayetteville ..Ar	10 35 a m
4 53 "	Ar. Fayetteville ..Lv	10 55 "
4 53 "	Ar Fayetteville June Lv	11 05 "
8 19 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	12 24 p. m
11 22 a m	Lv..... Climax..... Lv	3 25 "
1 06 "	Lv.....Greensboro... Ar	5 06 "
12 55 "	Ar.....Greensboro... Lv	5 05 "
2 13 "	Lv.....Stokesdale... Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv.... Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar.. Walnut Cove... Lv	4 33 "
11 05 "	Lv.....Rural Hall... Lv	5 01 "
9 53 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	6 45 "
SOUTH BOUND DAILY	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 3.		No. 4.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1896

SOUTHERN BAPTISTS.

The Convention Adjourned to Meet in Wilmington, N. C., Next Year—A Temperance Resolution Adopted After a Long Debate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, May 12.—The fifty-first session of the Southern Baptist Convention adjourned at noon to-day to meet next year at Wilmington, N. C., the first Friday following the first Sunday in May.

When the convention convened but few delegates were in their seats, but the auditorium was soon comfortably filled.

Dr. T. H. Elliott, of Richmond, opened with prayer and President Haralson presided. The reports from the Committees on Young People's Work and Finance and Business of the Sunday School Board were read and accepted. The committee recommended that arrangements for printing be left to the discretion of the Sunday School Board.

A long and heated debate was precipitated by the introduction of a temperance resolution by J. B. Cranfill, of Texas. Dr. Cranfill was vice presidential candidate in 1892 on the Prohibition ticket. The resolution took advanced ground against the liquor traffic in all its ramifications, and advised the expulsion by the churches of members engaged in the business.

Frank Eaton, son of Dr. T. T. Eaton, pastor of Walnut Street Baptist Church, now travelling abroad, objected to it, first, as a political manœuvre, then denounced it as an effort to reflect on his father, whose church had had as members for many years two well known distillers. He referred to the late Doctors Manley and Broadus, pillars in the church, as upholding Dr. Eaton's past action, and the debate became quite acrimonious. Finally young Eaton, failing to secure postponement of action, offered a compromise amendment which expressed the hope that the action proposed by the resolution might, in time, be taken by the churches, and he added as a rider, "That we hope the time is coming when Baptist churches will not retain in fellowship members who fail to render account for mission money held in trust." This was a back-handed slap at Dr. Cranfill and referred to an unpleasant incident of his past history in his relations with his State Convention. It reopened an old sore for Doctors Eaton and Cranfill who have been at odds for years. Eaton's amendment was tabled and the resolutions finally passed almost unanimously. A resolution was carried recommending to the Foreign Mission Board the establishment of Baptist missions in Palestine, with headquarters at Jerusalem.

After thanking the press and people of Chattanooga the convention adjourned.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Higher Prices For Wheat, Corn and Oats —Pork Products Firm at an Advance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Last month wheat declined on a bullish Government report. To-day in the face of yesterday's report, which was conceded to be bearish, prices rose higher. To-day's market was a somewhat mixed affair and was one to keep traders and operators guessing. July wheat opened from 63⅛@63c, sold between 62⅛ and 64⅛c, closing at the outside—⅞c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was steady, closing ⅛@1c higher.

Corn—This market obtained strength from wheat, and when that grain was declining depreciated with it. It was simply a case of sympathy all the way through, the close presenting a gain for the day. July corn opened from 30@30⅛c, sold between 29⅞ and 30⅜c, closing at 30⅛@30⅜c—⅛@¼c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady and unchanged.

Oats participated in the irregularities of the other grain markets, but at the same time exhibited an independent undertone of firmness. The exports of this grain recently have been quite heavy and shorts view the fact with some trepidation. July oats closed ⅜c. higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady, closing firm.

Provisions—A surprisingly light run of hogs was reported at the yards this morning, accompanied by the news of an advance, though a small one, in prices. On this influence product opened firm and held steady all through. The close was 7½ to 10c. higher than yesterday for July pork, 2½c. higher for July lard and 5 to 7½c. higher for July ribs.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12—Strawberries, North Carolina, quart, 10 to 20c; do, Norfolk, 10 to 14c; beets, Florida, crate, 1.00 to 1.50; do, Florida and Charleston, 100 bunches, 4.00 to 7.00; cucumbers, Florida, crate, 1.50 to 3.50; do, Savannah and Charleston, basket, 3.00 to 5.00. cabbages, Florida, crate, 1.00 to 1.50; do. Savannah, 1.50 to 2.00; do, Charleston, do, 1.50 to 2.00; do, North Carolina, do, 1.25 to 1.50; do, Norfolk, barrel, 1.35 to 1.50, egg plant, Florida, box, 1.00 to 2.00; lettuce, Charleston, basket, 50c to 1.00; do, Norfolk, basket, 50 to 75c; peas, North Carolina, basket, 50 to 75c; do, do, half barrel, 75c to 1.00 bid; do, Charleston, 50 to 75c; radishes, Norfolk, barrel, 50c to 1.00; string beans, Savannah, basket, 1.50 to 2.50; do, Florida, crate, 50c to 2.00; do, Charleston, basket, 2.00 to 2.50; squash, Florida, crate, 50 to 75c; do do, basket, 50 to 75c; tomatoes, Florida, carrier, 1.25 to 3.00; potatoes, Florida, 2.00 to 6.50; do, New Orleans, 2.00 to 5.50; do, Savannah, 2.00 to 5.50; do, Charleston, 2.00 to 5.50.

STEAMER LAURADA.

Collectors of Customs Instructed to Look Out for the Suspected Filibuster.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Instructions were sent by telegraph to-day to the several collectors of customs along the Atlantic seacoast to look out for the steamer Laurada, supposed to be engaged in a filibustering expedition to Cuba, and if she is found to be violating the neutrality laws to seize her. These instructions were sent on information filed at the State Department by the Spanish Minister, Senor de Lome.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 27@27¼c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 85@1 90.

CHARLESTON, May 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24c; sales — casks. Rosin—the market was firm; sales 100 barrels; quote: A $1 40, B $1 40, C $1 40, D $1 40, E $1 40, F $1 50, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 80, W G $2 00, W W $2 05.

SAVANNAH, May 12.—Spirits turpentine opened at 24c bid, with sales of 94 casks at 24c, 1,334 at 24⅛c, and 60 at 24¼c; closed firm at 24⅛c, with sales of 535 casks; receipts 2,521 casks. Rosin closed steady and unchanged; sales 330 barrels; receipts 5,279 barrels.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

SENATOR GORMAN'S AMENDMENT TO LIMIT EXPENDITURES.

A Vote to be Taken on the Bill and Amendments To-Day in the Senate—House Engaged in Discussion of an Illinois Contested Election Case.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—A resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire whether American labor and industries are suffering from or are threatened with injurious competition through importations of Oriental products; and, if so, to investigate the causes which have made such competition possible, was offered by Mr. Aldrich and went over until to-morrow, on objection by Mr. Allen of Nebraska, Populist.

A resolution to accept the invitation of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition to attend the celebration on the first of June next and for the appointment of a select committee of five to represent the Senate on that occasion, was offered by Mr. Bate of Tennessee, Democrat, and agreed to.

The River and Harbor bill was taken up, and the long drawn out controversy between the advocates of the harbor of San Pedro and those of the harbor of Santa Monica, as to which shall be selected for the expenditure of some three million dollars in the construction of a breakwater and the making of a deep sea harbor in Southern California was brought to a close by a settlement in the way of a compromise. As the matter now stands, the Senate amendment provides for a board consisting of an officer of the navy to be detailed by the Secretary of the Navy, an officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, to be detailed by the superintendent of the survey, and three civil engineers, skilled in riparian work, to be appointed by the President of the United States, to examine the two harbors, the report of the majority to be final.

After that question was disposed of an amendment was offered by Mr. Gorman limiting the annual expenditures under this and former River and Harbor bills to $10,000,000. A motion to lay that amendment on the table was defeated—yeas 26, nays 31—and then the Senate, at 6.20, adjourned, with the understanding that the vote shall be taken on the bill and amendments at 8 p. m. to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

An hour and a half was occupied after the opening of to-day's session in disposing of a motion made by Mr. Perkins of Iowa, Republican, chairman of the Committee on Printing, to exclude from the permanent record certain matters inserted by Mr. Wheeler of Alabama, Democrat, for which it was asserted by Mr. Perkins he had received no permission. Mr. Wheeler contended that he had a right to insert the matter complained of, but the House voted otherwise, and by a vote of 144 to 74 the matter was ordered to be excluded.

Mr. Cooke of Illinois, Republican, called up the contested election case of Rinaker vs. Downing, from the Sixteenth District of Illinois. The majority report finds that Rinaker, Populist, was elected and that Downing, Democrat, was not elected. Before the debate began Mr. Evans of Kentucky, Republican, gave notice that when the case was disposed of he would ask the House to consider the bill reported from the Committee on Ways and Means to repeal what is known as the "Free Alcohol law."

Mr. Richardson of Tennessee, Democrat, endeavored to secure recognition to move an adjournment that members might attend the unveiling of the Hancock statue, claiming that it was a privileged motion and could be made at any time. The Speaker ruled, however, that a gentleman could not be taken off the floor even by a privileged motion.

The discussion of the Illinois contested election case occupied the remainder of the day's session and will be resumed to-morrow, the special order making private pension bills the business of that session having been postponed until Thursday.

Mr. Morrill, chairman of the Committee on Finance, this morning appointed the following substitute committee to investigate the bond sales: Messrs. Harris (Democrat, chairman), Vest and Walthall (Democrats), Jones of Nevada (Populist) and Platt (Republican). The majority of the committee is Democratic and four fifths of it for free silver.

The House adjourned at 5.15 o'clock.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined one to five points, recovered the loss and advanced three to five points, lost this and closed unchanged to four points lower, with the tone steady and sales of 88,000 bales.

To-day's features: As was expected, Liverpool placed a bearish interpretation upon the Government report and made but little response to the rise here yesterday. The discouraging foreign news depressed prices here at the opening, but leading bulls came to the support of the market. The prominent operator was believed to be buying. Prices thereupon rallied and advanced. The Liverpool news was somewhat better but the speculation there was less active. There was some disposition to liquidate, however, and so all of the rise was lost on the near months, while the next crop deliveries declined. The trading here was dull, except for a brief period of activity at the start.

STREET RAILWAY STRIKERS.

Boycotting the Company in an Effort to Bring It to Terms.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., May 12.—The boycot is the weapon the street railway strikers are now wielding against the railway company in an effort to bring it to terms. Papers by the hundreds are in circulation to-day pledging signers not to use the street cars. In addition the 15,000 union men are forbidden to ride on street cars under penalty of suspension. The company is running nearly its full quota of cars to-day, but they run almost empty. The strikers are running busses and carettes and reaping a harvest.

The State Board of Arbitration is in session, but there is no prospect of accomplishing a settlement through it. The board will make report to-morrow morning and it is expected that the company will be severely censured for refusing to arbitrate.

The strikers report that the company is hiring women at $1 per day to ride in the street cars.

GENERAL WEYLER

Denies Rumors That He or Any of His Generals Have Threatened to Resign.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 12.—General Weyler authorizes the statement that the proceedings of the court-martial in the case of Milton and others captured on the filibuster Competitor were forwarded to Madrid for the action of the Government by the mail steamer leaving Havana, May 10th. General Weyler also states that all rumors that he or any of his generals have threatened to resign if the sentence of the court-martial in this case should be modified are utterly untrue.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND.

DISPUTE OVER TERRITORY IN CHEFOO, CHINA.

The Ex-Premier of Spain Denies the Right of the United States to Recognize the Cuban Insurgents—Denial of Reports That General Weyler Will Resign—Fears of Anti-American Demonstrations at Barcelona—An Amicable Understanding Between Spain and the United States.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, May 12.—A dispatch from Shanghai to a London news agency says that the Russians, through the medium of American Agent Smith, have taken possession of the disputed territory of Chefoo, over which the British maintain claims. The dispatch says that six Russian warships and four United States war vessels are lying at Chefoo.

The ascertained facts of the affair, in which the Russians are represented as having seized disputed territory upon which England has a claim, are these: The Russian Steam Navigation Company secured a tract belonging to the English firm of Fergusson, at Chefoo, and proposed to build a pier thereon. Other firms objected to the Russian company having possession of the property, whereupon the Russian Government intervened and compelled the Chinese authorities to accede to the full transfer of the property to the Russian company.

The *Globe*, in a special article on the subject, says that England is bound to regard the affair as an unfriendly act and that the result will be awaited with the greatest anxiety.

MADRID, May 12.—Ex-Premier Sagasta, in an address to his present adherents and supporters yesterday, denied the right of the United States Government to recognize the belligerent rights of the Cuban insurgents, who, he declared, had done nothing but burn property, commit murders and flee before the Spanish troops. He did not believe, he said, that President Cleveland would accord belligerent rights to the rebels, who had no Government with a fixed residence and held no fortified position. Senor Sagasta promised to support the Government in the enforcement of its Cuban policy and said the recent elections in Madrid and Cuba ought to be annulled. Senor Francisco Selva, the leader of the dissent Conservatives, and his supporters declare that the Cuban reforms enacted by the Cortes last year ought to be put into operation throughout the island of Cuba without further delay.

It is reported that the Ministry are in communication with Marshal Blanco in Arenas, Governor of the Phillipine Islands, to the end that if Captain General Weyler resigns Blanco will succeed him, proceeding direct from Manila to Cuba.

A dispatch from Havana to the *Imparcial* denies the reports that General Weyler has resigned or will resign.

BARCELONA, May 12.—Owing to grave fears on the part of the authorities of a renewal of the anti-American demonstrations in this city, the police and the civil guard have been concentrated and other vigilance to prevent disturbances has been resumed. Especial precaution has been taken against an attack upon the United States consulate.

PARIS, May 12.—The *Figaro*, commenting on the attitude of the United States in relation to the rebellion in Cuba, says: "The conduct of the United States throughout the war in Cuba deserves to be severely condemned. Europe cannot remain indifferent to such a policy, for if the Monroe doctrine allows America to drive the Spaniards out of Cuba, it also allows her to drive the English and French out of the Antilles, and perhaps that is the United States Government's aim."

PRETORIA, May 12.—President Kruger has declared his unbounded astonishment at the British Government's defence of Cecil Rhodes and the British South African Company in the British House of Commons during the debate last Friday, and expressed the wish that he had been personally present in order to refute the arguments of Mr. Chamberlain. The alleged intrigues between the Transvaal Government and Germany, he declares, are the merest soap-bubbles. The South African Republic, President Kruger says, wished to be friends with all, but those who engineered the recent plot against the Transvaal must be punished, and there will be no rest in South Africa until this is done. Dr. W. J. Leyds, Secretary of State of the Transvaal Republic, has addressed a message to Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of the Cape Colony, in which he notes the partiality shown by Great Britain toward the directors of the British South African Company, and declares that the British South African Company, as at present controlled, is a source of danger to the whole of South Africa.

LONDON, May 12—The *Standard* will to-morrow publish a dispatch from its Madrid correspondent saying that Spain and the United States have arrived at an amicable understanding regarding the men captured on the Competitor. The prisoners will be tried again, this time by a civil court under the provisions of the existing treaties between the two countries.

RACE COLLISION FEARED.

Four White Men Wounded in a Fight With Negroes—Two Mortally Hurt—A Posse in Pursuit of the Negroes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., May 12.—At 3 o'clock this morning Jack Trice, a negro, fought fifteen white men, mortally wounded Samuel Hughes and E. R. Sanchez and seriously wounded H. R. Daniels and Albert Buffum. Hughes and Sanchez are reported dead. The fight occurred near Palmetto, in Manateo county. Trice's boy whipped the little son of Town Marshal Hughes, of Palmetto, and the whites went to Trice's house to whip the negro boy. Trice opened fire with the above result and the whites retreated. Reinforced, the whites returned, but Trice and his boy had fled. Posses are after them. The whites are greatly aroused. They believe other negroes were in Trice's house and took part in the shooting and a race collision is feared.

DEAD BODY FOUND

In the Railroad Wreck Near Savannah Georgia—Coroner's Inquest to be Held.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., May 12.—The force at work on the wreck of the New York and Florida Limited Express at Anderson station, on the Florida Central & Peninsular Railroad, unearthed the dead body of the little three-year old son of Mrs. S. Nathan, of Brunswick, Ga., who was buried underneath the first-class coach when it went down the embankment in the wreck. The body was lying in the mud where it had been hurled by the shock of the train striking the embankment. The body was bruised and torn and death had been almost instantaneous.

An inquest will be held to-morrow to determine if possible the cause of the wreck. No one of the injured at the hospital or at the homes of friends in the city will die.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

CROPS AND WEATHER.

Weekly Bulletin of the Agricultural Department at Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The weekly weather and crop bulletin says:

North Carolina—Raleigh: Temperature above normal except on 7th and 8th inst, which were very cool, with even light frost reported, killing some cotton. Drought prevails again, injurious to all crops; transplanting tobacco and sweet potato slips and cultivating corn and cotton the chief work now.

South Carolina—Columbia: Enough rain generally, although drought continues in places; corn entirely satisfactory in stand condition; cotton being chopped to perfect stands generally; grains improved; minor field crops and gardens making good growth; cut worms and potato bugs numerous.

Georgia—Atlanta: Excessively hot weather, with unevenly distributed rainfall, but generally a good week for crops; cotton growing slowly and being cultivated; corn very promising; fruit prospects continue good; garden truck growing slowly except where favored by rain.

Alabama—Montgomery: Week generally favorable; all crops being rapidly worked; considerable replanting necessary on lands badly washed in previous weeks; cotton, corn and cane healthy and making rapid growth; worms damaging corn in scattered localities.

Mississippi—Vicksburg: Continued generally favorable weather for all crops; field work up to date; cotton and corn prospects never better, although there is local complaint of damage by worms and drought.

Louisiana—New Orleans: Dry, warm and sunshiny; favorable for cultivation of crops; crops suffering for rain in the northeast and extreme southwest portions; conditions more favorable in central portion and in sugar belt, but rain is needed generally; cotton chopping, corn cultivation and rice planting continues; cane growing well.

Texas—Galveston: Rain has improved wheat and oats in the Panhandle, but drought is prevailing elsewhere over the State except in a few localities, and late planted cotton and other crops are suffering for rain.

Arkansas—Little Rock: Weather favorable for cultivating crops and great progress made in chopping out cotton and plowing corn; good stands of cotton and corn, except in western portion; condition of wheat, potatoes, oats and fruit not so good as last week. General rains needed for all crops.

Tennessee—Nashville: Week hot and dry, but generally favorable, growing crops needing rain greatly; wheat in eastern division promising; army worms destroying wheat and meadows in portions of central and western divisions; corn and cotton doing well generally and cultivation progressing.

SAVANNAH'S FESTIVAL.

Military Prize Contests and Exhibition Drill—The Neeley Zouaves of Memphis Ruled Out by Order of the Adjutant General of Tennessee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, May 12.—The morning trains brought thousands of visitors to Savannah to-day to witness the military festivities. The Oglethorpe Infantry, of Augusta, who are to compete with the Morton Cadets, of Washington, D. C., for the Galveston cup, which the Adjutant General of Texas has declared forfeited by the Thurston Rifles of Omaha, Neb., by whom it had been held, on account of their failure to defend it, arrived this morning and were escorted into camp.

Crowds of people gathered at the drill ground this afternoon to witness the prize contests and exhibition drills by the military.

The Neeley Zouaves, of Memphis, Tenn., were ruled out of the Zouave contest, which was to have taken place between them and the Aurora Zouaves, of Aurora, Ill., for a prize of $1 000, by a telegram from Adjutant General Kell, received shortly before the contest began, which was followed by a peremptory order, directing that they be removed from the field. The order did not come until the Aurora Zouaves had begun to drill. It appears that the Neeleys have had some trouble with the Adjutant General of Tennessee, and are not now enlisted. They were ordered not to come into Georgia under arms, but disobeyed. The Adjutant General of Tennessee had some correspondence with the Georgia military authorities, which was followed by the receipt of a telegram here stating that the Neeleys had no authority to bear arms in Georgia. Col. Garrard, president of the prize drill committee, wired for further instructions and received the peremptory order to have the Neeleys removed from the field instantly and by no means to allow them to enter the contest. Col. Garrard at once wired back that the instructions of the Governor had been obeyed and the Neeley Zouaves were not allowed to contest. Capt. F. K. Deffrey says the trouble is one of long duration, and the Adjutant General of Tennessee has tried before to disband them, but without success.

The day's festivities concluded with a fireworks display in the park.

To-morrow the cadet drills will take place.

The rifle-shooting was continued at the Avondale range to-day. It began early in the afternoon and continued until dark. There was only one full team, that one being Georgia, entered in the match. The District of Columbia and New Jersey joined issues, the District team furnishing seven men and the New Jersey team five men. This team could not shoot for the trophy under the regulations governing the match, and it was simply shot for record. Georgia won on a score of 1,087 to the "First Alaska Cavalry's" (the name the other team went by) 1,016. It mattered not whether the trophy was or was not shot for, it would have remained with Savannah.

In the 200 yards Savannah broke the record for a team of twelve men at that distance, scoring 370, the previous best record to that being 368, made at Seagirt. The Georgia boys are jubilant over this, as well they might be, for it is a fine record.

To-morrow the regimental team match will be shot. There will be five teams, as follows: The Georgia Huzzars, the Savannah Volunteer Guards, the First Regiment of Georgia, the New Jersey Riflemen and the National Guard of the District of Columbia. This will be at 200 and 500 yards and skirmish. It will be one of the most interesting matches of the week, on account of the large number of teams that will compete.

A GEORGIA TRAGEDY.

Dr. J. T. Blackwell Shot and Killed by Walter Wright at Columbus.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, GA., May 12.—A terrible tragedy was enacted on the street here this afternoon, in which Walter Wright, a young man 21 years of age, avenged an insult offered his sister by Dr. J. T. Blackwell. Blackwell, it is said, made improper proposals to Miss Wright a few days ago, and to-day was the first time her brother had seen him (Blackwell) since. Wright emptied the contents of a five-chamber 41 calibre Colt's revolver into Blackwell's body. The latter fell upon the sidewalk and died almost instantly.

OUT OF WEAKNESS comes strength when the blood has been purified, enriched and vitalized, the appetite restored and the system built up by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c. †

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Favorable Report to be Made on the Bill and Amendments by the House Committee on Inter-State Commerce.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The House Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce to-day, by a vote of seven to four, ordered a favorable report on the Nicaragua Canal bill with amendments. The amendments made have reference to the manner in which the old stock shall be retired, the methods of stating the accounts of the expenditures incurred by the Maritime Company and the reimbursement of these expenditures in bonds instead of stocks. The four negative votes in committee were Patterson, of Tennessee; Bartlett, of New York; Corliss, of Michigan, and the chairman of the committee, Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa. Mr. Patterson explained that he would file a minority report in which he would incorporate his reasons for opposing the present bill in view of his position with reference to the project. Mr. Bartlett favored a canal, but deprecated committing the Government to its construction without a more thorough investigation. Mr. Hepburn did not think it proper to report the bill at this time and Mr. Corliss expressed similar views. The affirmative vote was cast by Sherman, of New York; Doolittle, of Washington, Bennett, of New York; Joy, of Missouri; Wanger, of Pennsylvania; Noonan, of Texas, and Stewart of New Jersey.

CUBAN WAR NEWS.

Maximo Gomez With a Strong Force Has Re-entered Matanzas Province—The Competitor Prisoners.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 12.—The steamer Triton, from Behia Bonda, which has arrived here, brought two prisoners who are alleged to have been on board the filibustering schooner Competitor, but managed to reach the shore when the schooner was attacked by the gunboat Mesagora. The prisoners were captured during a fight with a party of guerillas. One of them is said to be an American and the other a Frenchman. They have been sent to the Cabinis fortress and orders have been issued for their trial by a marine court-martial to-morrow.

HAVANA, May 12.—The findings of the court-martial before which were tried the five men who were captured on the filibustering American schooner Competitor were published here to-day for the first time. All of the accused men were convicted and sentenced to death. It has been ordered that proceedings be instituted for the confiscation of the Competitor.

Florentino Herrera, convicted of the crime of rebellion, was shot at Mantanzas this morning.

It is rumored that Maximo Gomez, with a strong force of rebels, has reentered the province of Matanzas. His vanguard is said to be near the town of Boro.

PERFECTLY PEACEABLE.

The Political Situation in Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BATON ROUGE, LA., May 12.—The situation in Baton Rouge to day is perfectly peaceable. Captain Pharr, the combine candidate, arrived here to-day and was met by a large crowd of his sympathizers. To a representative of the Southern Associated Press, the leaders of the Pharr movement said that they were engaged in a peaceable mission and that they had no intention whatever of violating the law in resisting the authority of the Legislature or creating revolution. They will abide by the result of the deliberations of the General Assembly and they are frankly of the opinion that Governor Foster will be seated. The militia has not and will not be ordered here, and arrangements are being made for the inauguration of Gov. Foster. The Senatorial situation is much mixed and Senator Blanchard's re-election is much in doubt.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday a Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Atlanta—Atlanta, 5; Birmingham, 3.
Chicago—Chicago, 5, Boston, 2
Mobile—Mobile, 2; Montgomery, 2.
New Orleans—New Orleans, 16; Columbus, 3.
St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Baltimore, 10.
Cleveland—Cleveland, 10; Philadelphia, 8.
Louisville—Louisville, 8; Brooklyn, 9.
New York—Pittsburg, 7; New York, 8.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 7; New York, 8.
Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 7; Richmond, 8.
Petersburg — Petersburg, 7; Roanoke, 14.
Lynchburg—Lynchburg, 7; Norfolk, 6.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4; Washington, 6.

CHICAGO CONVENTION.

Arrangements for Reporters and Correspondents.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOGANSPORT, May 12.—Mr. S. P. Sherin, Secretary of the Democratic National Committee and Chairman of the sub-Committee on Press and Telegraphic Facilities for the Democratic National Convention to be held in Chicago July 7th, requests the Southern Associated Press to announce that it is desirable that applications for space for working reporters and correspondents in the Convention hall be made with the least possible delay. No application for working space filed later than June 15th will be considered. All applications for press and telegraphic accommodation should be addressed to S. P. Sherin, Secretary of the Democratic National Committee, Logansport, Ind.

SEVERE STORM.

Houses Unroofed—Trees Uprooted—Hail Three Inches Deep.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA, May 12.—A special to the *Dispatch* from Charlottesville says a terrific wind, rain, hail and thunder storm visited that place this afternoon. It was the worst in the memory of the oldest citizens. Houses were unroofed and trees uprooted and in the unroofed houses great damage was done by water. Several partially completed frame houses were levelled. No one was hurt, but men, women and children were greatly frightened. A terrible hail storm also swept over the Manassas section this afternoon, doing great damage to fruit trees. The hail was in some places three inches deep.

MISSOURI REPUBLICANS.

Declare For the Gold Standard and McKinley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., May 12.—The Republican State Convention met here today. The platform as agreed upon declares for protection and reciprocity and instructs the delegates to vote for McKinley.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE A. P. A.

Supreme Council in Session in Washington, D. C.—Two Hundred Delegates Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The Supreme Council of the American Protective Association began its annual convention here to day, the first session being of a general social and informal nature in the absence of a report from the Committee on Credentials. Several of the members made brief speeches in favor of the restriction of immigration. The proceedings are behind closed doors, and though great secrecy is observed officials declare that nothing of a political nature has yet transpired, and that the question of disapproving the advisory board's boycott of Maj McKinley will not come up before Thursday, when a hot political wrangle is expected to ensue. About two hundred delegates from all parts of the country were present to-day.

FIFTH N. C. DISTRICT.

Thomas Settle Nominated as the Republican Candidate for Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 12.—The Republicans of the Fifth District to-day unanimously nominated Thos. Settle for Congress. The Republicans of the Third District declined to nominate Congressional candidates.

WARM WIRELETS.

The bronze equestrian statue of Maj. Gen. Hancock, "Hero of Gettysburg," was unveiled yesterday in Washington, D. C.

Rev. Wm. Nelson, colored, convicted at Charlottesville, Va., of murdering Thos. W. Thompson, was yesterday sentenced to be hanged June 29th.

Danville, Floyd and Bath, Va., elected delegates to the State Democratic Convention. The two first instructed for free silver and the unit rule. The latter gave no instructions.

Owing to the delay in passing the River and Harbor bill, the adjournment of Congress, by mutual consent, appears to have been advanced a week, and the leaders now say that the end will hardly come before the 8th of June.

The strike which has existed at the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company ended yesterday, the men returning to work on the company's terms. They agree to give the "clock" time system a trial of thirty days.

A convention of Southern textile manufacturers will be held at Atlanta. The cotton mill men complain that they are losing money and a movement is on foot to get an agreement to cut down production until the surplus stock is worked off.

Tennyson.

Tennyson would not talk about his poetry, but once intimated that he regarded the "Ode on the Death of the Duke of Wellington" as containing more inspiration than some of the others. He once said that he did not expect much of the "Charge of the Light Brigade" and was agreeably surprised at its reception.

An Unpleasant Jingle.

"I don't like hash," remarked the musical boarder at breakfast. "It is not rhythmical."

"Maybe not," replied the landlady as her eyes emitted a baleful fire, "but you will always find one word to rhyme with it, and that word is cash."—New York Tribune.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Lost—Large Iron Key. Finder will be rewarded by calling at this office. ma 13 tf

Cheap Rent—Thirteen room house with bath and other conveniences, corner Seventh and Chesnut streets. Possession given at once. Apply to Morris Bear & Bros. we fr su tu th my 13 5t

A few select boarders will be taken June 1st on Wrightsville Sound. Pleasant accommodations. For particulars apply at this office. my 12 2t

Our Safety Deposit Boxes have arrived. Three sizes, latest improved, at popular prices. The ownership of one of these Boxes carries the privilege of storing your silver box without additional charge. National Bank of Wilmington. ma 10 tf

Good opportunity to rent the elegant Store 416 North Front street, including basement, heretofore used as Restaurant by Gieschen Bros. my 1 tf

Just received one car Jamaica Bananas, 10 barrels Russett and 40 crates Western, N. C., Apples; 25 sacks Irish Potatoes and Onions, Butter Beans, Peas, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, N. C. Hams, Cakes and Crackers, Candies of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges and Peanuts, in lots to suit at A. S. Winstead's, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers, 115 North Second street. ap 3 D&W tf

Photographic novelties, Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store, No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business May 7th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$508,043 05	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		48 42	Surplus	$10,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		31,250 00	Undivided profits	17,915 58—	57,915 58
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		28 120 00
Redemption Fund		1,406 00	Total Deposits		562,519 16
Due from Reserve Agents	$53,904 15				
Due from other Banks	80,022 87				
Cash on hand	93,880 25—	227,807 27			
Total		$773,554 74	Total		$773,554 74

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, D. L. Gore, S. P. McNair, Sam'l Bear, Jr., W. E. Springer, C. W. Worth, E. J. Powers, H. L. Vollers, W. C. Coker, Jr., J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G. A. Norwood, Greenvile, S. C.

New York correspondent, Chemical National Bank.

ma 10 tf

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REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS,

Remington Bicycles,

Both made by the Remington Arms Co.

Remington products have a world-wide reputation of being the FINEST that experience and money can produce.

We are sole dealers for above. Also Agents for the Celebrated

Victor Wheels.

C. W. YATES & CO.

my 10 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

"THE OHIO"

CREAM FREEZERS

guaranteed to be the best on the market. Does better and quicker work than any known machine.

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Cheap line, warranted to give satisfaction.

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both wire-bound and plain.

Water Coolers

just received, attractive, durable and cheap.

Buck Stoves.

Finest goods made.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

my 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call $1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

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Have a full line of White Mountain and Arctic

ICE CREAM FREEZERS

WATER COOLERS,

Refrigerators, Both Pine and Hard Wood

Fly Traps, Window Screens, Screen Wire Cloth, Galvanized Poultry Netting and Galvanized Hardware, which they are offering at very low figures for cash. All we ask is a trial.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street, ap 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

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VEGETABLE —AND— Farm Seeds

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DRUGGISTS AND SEEDSMEN, Wilmington, N. C.

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A HANDSOME LOT OF

Ladies' Black Jersey LEGGINGS —FOR— SUMMER WEAR,

Special Sale at $1.00.

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NEW CROP MOLASSES

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EVERYBODY TO CALL AND TRY THE best Whiskey, Wine and Beer in the city. Mixed drinks a specialty. Fine Cigars, &c. French Cafe, A. P. LEVY, Manager, my 2 tf 117 Princess street.